110 th Congress	}
1st Session	}

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Rules Committee

{Repo	rt
{	
{No	

Providing for consideration of the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 99) revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2007, establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2008, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 through 2012.

March 27, 2007. -- Referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed

Ms. Sutton, from the Committee on Rules

submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. Res. ____]

The Committee on Rules, having had under consideration House Resolution _____, by a record vote of 9 to 3 report the same to the House with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF THE RESOLUTION

The resolution provides for consideration of H.Con Res. 99, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for FY 2008, under a structured rule. The rule provides a total of four hours of general debate, three hours to be equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget and one hour on the subject of economic goals and policies to be equally divided and controlled by Representative Maloney of New York and Representative Saxton of New Jersey. The rule waives all points of order against consideration of the concurrent resolution and provides that the concurrent resolution shall be considered as read.

The rule makes in order only those amendments printed in this report. The amendments made in order may be offered only in the order printed in the report, may be offered only by a Member designated in the report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for the time specified in the report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, shall not be subject to amendment, and shall not be subject to a demand for a division of the question in the House or in the Committee of the Whole. All points of order against the amendments are waived except that the adoption of an amendment in the nature of a substitute shall constitute the conclusion of consideration of the concurrent resolution for amendment. The rule permits the Chairman of the Budget Committee to offer amendments in the House to achieve mathematical consistency. Finally the rule provides that the concurrent resolution shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question of its adoption.

EXPLANATION OF WAIVERS

Although the rule waives all points of order against consideration of the concurrent resolution, the Committee is not aware of any specific points of order. The waiver of all points of order against consideration of the concurrent resolution is prophylactic in nature.

COMMITTEE VOTES

The results of each record vote on an amendment or motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and against, are printed below:

Rules Committee Record Vote No. 110

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res. 99 Motion By: Mr. Dreier

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment in the nature of a substitute by Rep. Cooper (TN), #6. This substitute mirrors the president's defense request, as well as the increased veterans funding offered by the reported bill for defense discretionary spending. Non-defense discretionary spending grows at a rate equal to one percentage point above the CBO baseline. This level is below the reported bill's non-defense discretionary growth, but higher than the President's request. It also proposes to curb the growth of entitlement programs by directing the Ways & Means Committee to find inefficiencies in service delivery that create real and significant savings to stretch over the lifetime of the ten-year budget. Additionally, it provides for the reauthorization of the State Children's Health Insurance Program at \$50 billion over 5 years. While the reported bill assumes scheduled expiration in 2010 of the majority of the president's tax cuts, and provides for only a one-year fix to the Alternative Minimum Tax, this substitute prioritizes those tax rates that most directly benefit middle class working families. By permanently extending the 10% tax bracket, \$1,000 child tax credit, marriage penalty relief, capital gains and dividends rates, State and local sales tax deduction, and minimizing any negative effect on the economy by phasing in marginal changes over three years, keeps over 50% of the tax cuts set to expire.

Results: Defeated 3-9 Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN	NAY
HASTINGS (FL)	NAY
MATSUI	NAY
CARDOZA	NAY
WELCH	NAY
CASTOR	NAY
ARCURI	NAY
SUTTON	NAY
DREIER	YEA
DIAZ-BALART	
HASTINGS (WA)	YEA
SESSIONS	YEA
CT A LIGHTED	27.477

NAY

SLAUGHTER

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Dreier

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Conaway (TX) #14 concerning earmark disclosure.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY NAY HASTINGS (FL) **MATSUI** NAY CARDOZA NAY NAY WELCH CASTOR NAY NAY ARCURI NAY SUTTON DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Dreier

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Porter (NV) #15 concerning Yucca Mountain funding.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN

NAY

HASTINGS (FL)

NAY

MATSUI

NAY

CARDOZA

NAY

WELCH

NAY

CASTOR

NAY

ARCURI

NAY

SUTTON

NAY

DREIER

YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA)

YEA

SESSIONS

YEA

SLAUGHTER

NAY

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Dreier

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

McCaul (TX) #16 concerning Customs and Border protection funding.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY

HASTINGS (FL) NAY

MATSUI NAY

CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Dreier

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Murphy, Tim (PA)/Heller (NV) #17 concerning the child tax credit.

YEA

NAY

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

SESSIONS

SLAUGHTER

MCGOVERN NAY NAY HASTINGS (FL) MATSUI NAY CARDOZA NAY WELCH NAY NAY CASTOR NAY **ARCURI** NAY SUTTON YEA DREIER DIAZ-BALART HASTINGS (WA) YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99

Motion By: Mr. Hastings (WA)

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Burgess (TX) #10 concerning malpractice lawsuits.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY

HASTINGS (FL) NAY

MATSUI NAY

CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99

Motion By: Mr. Hastings (WA)

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Brown-Waite (FL) #13 concerning the Department of Veteran's Affairs funding.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY

HASTINGS (FL) NAY

MATSUI NAY

CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99

Motion By: Mr. Hastings (WA)

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Foxx (NC) #22 concerning the Legislative Line-item Veto Act.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY

HASTINGS (FL). NAY

MATSUI NAY

CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99

Motion By: Mr. Hastings (WA)

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for the amendments en bloc by Reps. Shays (CT) #8 concerning capital gains and dividends; Jordan (OH) #9 concerning reduced marginal income tax rates; Weller (IL)/ Bachmann (MN) #11 concerning marriage penalty tax; Brady, Kevin (TX) #19 concerning State and local sales tax deductions; Hulshof (MO)/

Bachmann (MN)/ Lamborn (CO) #21 concerning the estate tax.

NAY

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY
HASTINGS (FL) NAY
MATSUI NAY
CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

CASTOR

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Sessions

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for the amendment by Rep. Goodlatte (VA) #4, which expresses the sense of the House that the money the Federal Government spends is not the Government's, but rather the hard-earned dollars of the American taxpayer, that Congress has a duty to scrutinize the way it spends this money to guard against waste and excessive spending, that Congress should balance the federal budget and that Congress should act expeditiously to pass a Constitutional amendment requiring a balanced budget.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

SLAUGHTER

MCGOVERN	NAY
HASTINGS (FL)	NAY
MATSUI	NAY
CARDOZA	NAY
WELCH	NAY
CASTOR	NAY
ARCURI	NAY
SUTTON	NAY
DREIER	YEA
DIAZ-BALART	
HASTINGS (WA)	YEA
SESSIONS	YEA

NAY

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Sessions

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep. Kirk (IL)/Dent (PA) #5, which requires the Chairman or Ranking Member of the Budget Committee to hold hearings on budget process reform and introduce budget reform legislation by Sept. 30, 2007.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY HASTINGS (FL) NAY **MATSUI** NAY CARDOZA NAY WELCH NAY CASTOR NAY **ARCURI** NAY SUTTON NAY DREIER YEA **DIAZ-BALART**

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Sessions

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Akin (MO) #7 concerning extension of tax provisions.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY

HASTINGS (FL) NAY

MATSUI NAY

CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Sessions

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Gingrey (GA) #18 concerning reauthorization of SCHIP.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY

HASTINGS (FL) NAY

MATSUI NAY

CARDOZA NAY

WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res.99 Motion By: Mr. Sessions

Summary of Motion: To make in order and provide appropriate waivers for an amendment by Rep.

Drake (VA) #20 concerning BRAC funding.

Results: Defeated 3-9

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN NAY
HASTINGS (FL) NAY
MATSUI NAY
CARDOZA NAY
WELCH NAY

CASTOR NAY

ARCURI NAY

SUTTON NAY

DREIER YEA

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) YEA

SESSIONS YEA

Date: March 27, 2007 Measure: H.Con.Res. 99 Motion By: Mr. McGovern

Summary of Motion: To report the rule.

Results: Adopted 9-3

Vote by Member:

MCGOVERN YEA

HASTINGS (FL) YEA

MATSUI YEA

CARDOZA YEA

WELCH YEA

CASTOR YEA

ARCURI YEA

SUTTON YEA

DREIER NAY

DIAZ-BALART

HASTINGS (WA) NAY

SESSIONS NAY

SLAUGHTER YEA

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE MADE IN ORDER UNDER THE RULE

(summaries derived from information provided by sponsors)

- 1. Scott, Robert (VA)/Kilpatrick (MI), Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute. This substitute balances the budget in FY 2012, and produces a total cumulative deficit that is \$339 billion lower than that of the President's budget. It also funds essential programs and services, especially in the areas of health care, education and Gulf Coast reconstruction. It also provides for additional services for veterans and homeland security, including port and rail security. 40 minutes
- 2. Woolsey (CA), Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute. This substitute has a nondefense, domestic discretionary spending number of just over \$483 billion. It balances the budget by FY 2010. It spends \$395 billion on defense while projecting complete U.S. military redeployment out of Iraq during 2007. It also projects enactment of the Common Sense Budget Act, which would save at least \$60 billion per year on largely obsolete Cold War weapons systems plus tens of billions more in waste, fraud, and abuse in DOD spending identified by the nonpartisan Government Accounting Office (GAO). It repeals the Bush tax cuts for the top 1% of taxpayers and cracks down on corporate welfare by eliminating certain tax breaks and corporate loopholes. It includes the SMART Security Alternative to Preemption Doctrine, which shifts some spending and increases other non-military spending to enhance homeland security and fight the root causes of terrorism through 21st century diplomacy and meeting basic human needs (e.g. HIV/AIDS/TB, universal basic education for all). It provides funding for immediate, cost-effective steps to redress global warming and the rapid acceleration of renewable energy development. It fully funds NCLB and IDEA to improve Teacher Corps and job training. It also fully funds the S-CHIP program to ensure every American child eligible is covered for basic health insurance. It ensures whatever federal funding is needed to provide health care (including mental health care) for all American veterans (including but not limited to veterans of the Iraq and Afghanistan military operations). Finally, the substitute increases funding for Community Development Block Grants, Hurricane Katrina relief and reconstruction, community policing, and priority clean-up of leaking underground storage tanks that threaten the drinking water of nearly half of all Americans. - 40 minutes
- 3. Ryan, Paul (WI), Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute. This substitute retains the 2001 and 2003 tax provisions, and provides for one-year extensions of alternative minimum tax [AMT] relief, the State and local sales tax deduction, and the research and experimentation [R&E] tax credit. It sets discretionary spending at \$1,079.6 billion in fiscal year 2008 and \$5,079.8 billion over 5 years. Defense discretionary spending equals the President's request for 2008 and 2009 including funds for overseas operations in Iraq and Afghanistan. Non-defense discretionary spending totals \$433.9 billion in 2008, essentially freezing the 2007 level (excluding emergencies). Within this amount, the budget accommodates priority increases above the freeze for Homeland Security, Veterans' Health Care, National Institutes of Health, Community Development Block Grants, and Science and Technology. Additionally, the budget calls for continued reforms to make the government's major entitlements more responsive, flexible, and sustainable and in the process saves \$279 billion over 5 years. Finally, the substitute includes emergency set-aside, Legislative Line Item Veto, PAYGO for spending only, and discretionary spending caps. 40 minutes

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE MADE IN ORDER UNDER THE RULE

. AN AMENDMENT TO BE OFFERED BY REPRES	ENTATIVĘ
Scott OF Virginia DESIGNEE, DEBATABLE FOR 40 MINUTES:	, OR H <u>•</u> \$

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H.L.C.

AMENDMENT TO H. CON. RES. 99, AS REPORTED OFFERED BY MS. KILPATRICK OF MICHIGAN OR MR. SCOTT OF VIRGINIA

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

1	SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET
2	FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.
3	The Congress declares that the concurrent resolution
4	on the budget for fiscal year 2008 is hereby established
5	and that the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years
6	2009 through 2012 are set forth.
7	TITLE I—RECOMMENDED
8	LEVELS AND AMOUNTS
9	SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.
10	The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
11	each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012:
12	(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
13	enforcement of this resolution:
14	(A) The recommended levels of Federal
15	revenues are as follows:
16	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 2,125,897,000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 2, 195, 626,000,000.00
18	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 2, 257, 721, 000, 000.00

1	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 2,434,651,000,000.00
2	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 2,618,596,000,000.00
3	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
4	levels of Federal revenues should be reduced are
5	as follows:
6	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 75, 100,000,000.00
7	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 88,700,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 94,000,000,000.00
9	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 40, 100,000,000.00
10	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 21, 500,000,000.00
11	(2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes
12	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
13	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
14	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 2,563,074,000,000.00
15	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 2,569, 841, 000, 000.00
16	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 2,617,809,000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 2,7(9,483,000,000.00
18	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 2,746,964,000,000.00
19	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
20	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
21	of total budget outlays are as follows:
22	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 2, 503, 314, 000, 000.00
23	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 2, 620, 443,000,000.00
24	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 2, 647, 959, 000, 000.00
25	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 2,730,582,000,000.00

1	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 2,734, 344,000,000.00
2	(4) Deficits (on-budget).—For purposes of
3	the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of
4	the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:
5	Fiscal year 2008: \$ _ 377, 417,000,000.00
6	Fiscal year 2009: \$ -424, 817,000,000.00
7	Fiscal year 2010: \$ - 390, Z37,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2011: \$ _ 295, 931,000,000.00
9	Fiscal year 2012: \$ -115, 749,000,000.00
10	(5) Debt subject to limit.—Pursuant to
11	section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act
12	of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are
13	as follows:
14	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 9,423,000,000,000.00
15	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 9,965, 000,000,000.00
16	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 10, 473, 000,000,00000
17	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 10,882,000,000,000.00
18	Fiscal year 2012: \$11, 124, 000,000,000.00
19	(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
20	priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:
21	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 5,231,000,000,000.00
22	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 5, 452, 600,000,000.00
23	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 5,625,000,000,000
24	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 5,686,000,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 5 556, 000,000,000

Ţ	SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
2	The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
3	propriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for
4	fiscal years 2008 through 2012 for each major functional
5	category are:
6	(1) National Defense (050):
7	Fiscal year 2008:
8	(A) New budget authority,
9	\$ 506,955,000,000.00
10	(B) Outlays, \$ 514, 401,000,000.00
11	Fiscal year 2009:
12	(A) New budget authority,
13	\$ 534,705,000,000.00
14	(B) Outlays, \$ 524,384,000,000.00
15	Fiscal year 2010:
16	(A) New budget authority,
17	\$ 545, 171,000,000.00
18	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>536,433,000,000.00</u>
19	Fiscal year 2011:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$ 550,944,000,000.00
22	(B) Outlays, \$ 547, 624,000,000.00
23	Fiscal year 2012:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$ 559,799,000,000.00
6	(B) Outlays, \$ 548, 169, 000, 000.00

1	(2) International Affairs (150):
2	Fiscal year 2008:
3.	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$ 37,745,000,000.00
5	(B) Outlays, \$ 34,785,000,000.00
6	Fiscal year 2009:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$ 37,577,000,000.00
9	(B) Outlays, \$ 34,660,000,000.00
10	Fiscal year 2010:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$ 37,127,000,000.00
13	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>34, 466, 000,000.00</u>
14	Fiscal year 2011:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$ 37,136,000,000.00
17	(B) Outlays, \$ 34,405,000,000.00
18	Fiscal year 2012:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$ 37, 267, 000,000.00
21	(B) Outlays, \$ 34, 592, 000,000.00
22	(3) General Science, Space, and Technology
23	(250):
24	Figal waar 2008.

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 27,772,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 26, 561,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2009:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 28,754,000,000.00
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 28,521,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2010:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 29,923,000,000.00
1/1	(B) Outlays, \$ 29,578,000,000.00
12	Fiscal year 2011:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 31,158,000,000.00
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 30, 162,000,000.00
16	Fiscal year 2012:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ 32,477,000,000.00
19.	(B) Outlays, \$ 31,418,000,000.00
20	(4) Energy (270):
21	Fiscal year 2008:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 3,494,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 1, 194,000,000.00
25	Fiscal year 2009:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 3,229,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 1,627,000,000.00
4	Fiscal year 2010:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 3,260,000,000.00
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 1,800,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2011:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 3,315,000,000.00
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 1, 821,000,000.00
12	Fiscal year 2012:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 3,368,000,000
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 2,084,000,000.00
16	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 33,895,000,000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 35, 459, 000, 000.00
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 34,286,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 36,073,000,000.00
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 35,013,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 36, 201,000,000.00
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ <u>35,180,000,000.00</u>
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 36, 256,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2012:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 36,214,000,000.00
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 36, 653,000,000.00
12	(6) Agriculture (350):
13	Fiscal year 2008:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 20,945,000,000.00
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,972,000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2009:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 21,328,000,000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 20,496,000,000.00
21	Fiscal year 2010:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 21,414,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 20, 418, 000,000.00
25	Fiscal year 2011:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 21,349,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 20,650,000,000.00
4	Fiscal year 2012:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 21,537,000,000.00
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 21,013,000,000.00
. 8	(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
9	Fiscal year 2008:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 10,610,000,000.00
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 3,074,000,000.00
13	Fiscal year 2009:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 10,989,000,000.00
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 2,121, 000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2010:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 14,486,000,000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 4, 248,000,000.00
21	Fiscal year 2011:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 9,320,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 2,482,000,000.00
25	Fiscal year 2012:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 9,171,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 1, 483,0∞,000.∞
4	(8) Transportation (400):
5	Fiscal year 2008:
6	(A) New budget authority,
. 7	\$ 83,657,000,000.00
8	(B) Outlays, \$ 81, 202,000,000.00
9	Fiscal year 2009:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 77, 043,000,000.00
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 84,628,000,000.00
13	Fiscal year 2010:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 77,751,000,000.00
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 86,753,000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2011:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 78,632,000,000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 87,506,000,000.00
21	Fiscal year 2012:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 79, 409,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 89 (63 600, 000.00

1	(9) Community and Regional Development				
2	(450):				
. 3	Fiscal year 2008:				
4	(A) New budget authority,				
5	\$ 17, 166,000,000.00				
6	(B) Outlays, \$ 22,551,000,000.00				
7	Fiscal year 2009:				
8	(A) New budget authority,				
.9	\$ <u>15,422,000,000.00</u>				
10	(B) Outlays, \$ 21, 488,000,000.00				
.11	Fiscal year 2010:				
12	(A) New budget authority,				
13	\$ <u>15,175,000,000.00</u>				
14	(B) Outlays, \$ 20, 463,000,000.00				
15	Fiscal year 2011:				
16	(A) New budget authority,				
17	\$ 15,060,000,000.00				
18	(B) Outlays, \$ 18,946,000,000.00				
19	Fiscal year 2012:				
20	(A) New budget authority,				
21	\$ 15,040,000,000.00				
22	(B) Outlays, \$ 16,039,000,000.00				
23	(10) Education, Training, Employment, and				
24	Social Services (500):				
25	Fiscal year 2008:				

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 121, 203,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$101,179,000,000.00
4	Fiscal year 2009:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 121,552,000,000.00
7	(B) Outlays, \$119,883,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2010:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 120,276,000,000.00
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 120,003,000.00
12	Fiscal year 2011:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 117, 706,000,000.00
15	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>118,433,000</u> ,000.00
16	Fiscal year 2012:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ 116,785,000,000.00
19	(B) Outlays, \$ 115, 930,000,000.00
20	(11) Health (550):
21	Fiscal year 2008:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 302,810,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 298,678,000,000.00
25	Fiscal year 2009:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 322,072,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>320,093,000,000.00</u>
4	Fiscal year 2010:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 338,846,000,000.00
7	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>339,499,000,000.00</u>
8	Fiscal year 2011:
9.	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 359,694,000,000.00
11	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>359, 503,000,000</u>
12	Fiscal year 2012:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 382,231,000,000.00
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 381,804,000,000.00
16	(12) Medicare (570):
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 389,886,000,000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>389,996,000,000.00</u>
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 417,031,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 416,682,000,000.00
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1.	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ <u>442,669,000000000</u>
3	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>442,889,000,</u> 000.00
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 489,400,000,000.00
7	(B) Outlays, \$489,409,000,000.00
8	Fiscal year 2012:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 487,128,000,000.00
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 486,740,000,000.00
12	(13) Income Security (600):
13	Fiscal year 2008:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 384,558,000,000.00
16	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>387,237,000</u> ,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2009:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$394,570,000,00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>397,238,000,</u> 000.00
21	Fiscal year 2010:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 404,132,000,000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 405, 323,000,000.00
5	Fiscal year 2011.

1	.*	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2				<u>0</u> ,000.0	
		ŕ			
3		(B) (outlays, \$	414,143	<u>,000</u> ,000.00
4		Fiscal year	r 2012:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	٠.	\$ 404,6	32,000	0,000.0	00
7		(B) O	utlays, \$	403,985	000,000,000
8		(14) Social Seco	urity (65	0):	
9		Fiscal year	2008:		
10		(A)	New	budget	authority,
11		\$ 19,64	4,000	<u>,</u> 000.0	00
12		(B) O	utlays, \$	19,644,	<u>000,000.∞</u>
13		Fiscal year	2009:		
14		(A)	New	budget	authority,
15		\$ 21, 518	3,000	g000.	00
16		(B) O	utlays, \$_	21,518,	00.000,000
17		Fiscal year	2010:		
18		(A)	New	budget	authority,
19		\$ 23,70	1,000	,000.0	0
20		(B) Or	ıtlays, \$_	23,701,	000,000.00
21		Fiscal year	2011:		
22		(A)	New	budget	authority,
23		\$ 27,00	9,000	2,000.0	00
24		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$_	27,009,	000,000.00
25		Fiscal year	2012:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 29,898,000,000.00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 29, 898,000,000.00
4	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
5	Fiscal year 2008:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ 88,602,000,00
8	(B) Outlays, \$ 85, 330,000,000.00
9	Fiscal year 2009:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 90, 174,000,000.00
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 90,324,000,000.00
13	Fiscal year 2010:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 92,085,000,000.00
16	(B) Outlays, \$91,560,000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2011:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ <u>97,203,000,</u> 000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 96, 705,000,000.00
21	Fiscal year 2012:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 94, 144, 000, 000.00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 93,505,000,000.00
25	(16) Administration of Justice (750):

1	Fiscal year 2008:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$ 49, 267, 000, 000.00
4	(B) Outlays, \$ 47, 900,000,000.00
5	Fiscal year 2009:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ <u>47,740,000,</u> 000.00
8	(B) Outlays, \$ 49, 114,000,000.00
9	Fiscal year 2010:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 48,308,000,000.00
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 48,766,000,000.00
13	Fiscal year 2011:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 49,177,000,000.00
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 49,048,000,000.00
17	Fiscal year 2012:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 50, (69,000,000.00
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 49, 826,000,000.00
21	(17) General Government (800):
22	Fiscal year 2008:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$ 19,114,000,000.00
25	(B) Outlays, \$ 19, 373, 000,00.00

1		Fiscal year	ar 2009:		
2		(A)	New	budget	authority,
3		\$ 19,6	14,000	000.0	00
4		(B) (Outlays, \$	19,716,	000,000.00
5		Fiscal yea	r 2010:		
6		(A)	New	budget	authority,
7		\$ 20,17	31,0×	2,000.0	00
8	3	(B) (Outlays, \$	20,036	,000,000.00
9		Fiscal yea	r 2011:		
10	· ·;	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11		\$ 20,819	7, 000	، ٥٥٥ ر	00
12		(B) (Outlays, \$	20,560	, <u>000,</u> 000.00
13		Fiscal yea	r 2012:		
14		(A)	New	budget	authority,
15		\$ 21,47	9,000	,000.	00
16		(B) C	utlays, \$_	21,326,	<u>000</u> ,000.00
17		(18) Net Interes	st (900):		
18		Fiscal year	2008:		
19	•	(A)	New	budget	authority,
20		\$ 368, 5	82,000	3000.0	0
21		(B) O	utlays, \$_	368,582	,000,000.00
22		Fiscal year	2009:		
23	,	(A)	New	budget	authority,
24		\$ 386,70	07,000	000.0	0
25		(B) O	utlays, \$_	386,707,	<u>000,</u> 000.00

1	Fiscal year 2010:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$ 408,810,000,000.00
4	(B) Outlays, \$ 408, 810, 000, 000.00
5	Fiscal year 2011:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ 425,770,000,000.00
8	(B) Outlays, \$425,770,000,000.00
9	Fiscal year 2012:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ <u>437,358,000,</u> 000.00
12	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>437,358,000,0</u> 00.00
13	(19) Allowances (920):
14	Fiscal year 2008:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$ 2,985,000,000.00
17	(B) Outlays, \$ 2,269,000,000.00
18	Fiscal year 2009:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$2,090,000,000
21	(B) Outlays, \$ 2,313,000,000.00
22	Fiscal year 2010:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$1,463,000,000.00
25	(B) Outlays, \$ 1,619,000,000.00

1	Fiscal year 2011:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$1,024,000,000.00
4	(B) Outlays, \$ 1,134,000,000.00
5	Fiscal year 2012:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ 717,000,000.00
8	(B) Outlays, \$ 793,000,000.00
9	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
10	Fiscal year 2008:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$ -70,979,000,000.00
13	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-70,979,000,000.00</u>
14	Fiscal year 2009:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$-66,560,000,000.00
17	(B) Outlays, \$66,569,000,000.00
18	Fiscal year 2010:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$-66,933,000,000.00
21	(B) Outlays, \$ -66,933,000,000.00
22	Fiscal year 2011:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$-69,575,000,000.00
25	(B) Outlays, \$69,595,000,000.00

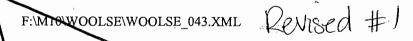
1	Fiscal year 2012:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$ -71,857,000,000.00
4	(B) Outlays, \$ -71, 860,000,000.00
5	(21) Overseas Deployments and Other Activi-
6	ties (970):
. 7	Fiscal year 2008:
8.	(A) New budget authority,
9	\$ 145, 163,000,000.00
10	(B) Outlays, \$ 114, 914, 000, 000.00
11	Fiscal year 2009:
12	(A) New budget authority,
13	\$ 50,000,000.00
14	(B) Outlays, \$ 109, 425,000,000.00
15	Fiscal year 2010:
16	(A) New budget authority,
17	\$_00.00
18	(B) Outlays, \$42,324,000,000.00
19	Fiscal year 2011:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$ 00.00
22	(B) Outlays, \$ 13,561,000,000.00
23	Fiscal year 2012:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$ 00.00

1	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>4,485,000,000.00</u>
2	TITLE II—MISCELLANEOUS
3	PROVISIONS
4	SEC. 201. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REPORT TO CON-
5	GRESS.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that
7	(1) between 2001 and 2006, GAO provided the
8	Department of Defense with 2544 recommendations,
9	many related to improving their business practices
10	and, to date, the Department of Defense has imple-
11	mented 1014 recommendations and closed 152 rec-
12	ommendations without implementation; and
13	(2) the GAO estimates that the 1014 imple-
14	mented recommendations have yielded the Depart-
15	ment of Defense a savings of \$52.7 billion between
16	fiscal years 2001 and 2006.
17	(b) Assumption; Report.—
18	(1) Assumption.—This resolution assumes
19	\$300,000,000 to be used by the Department of De-
20.	fense to implement the remaining 1378 rec-
21	ommendations of the Government Accountability Of-
22	fice.
23	(2) Report.—The Secretary of Defense should
24	submit a report to Congress within 90 days that
25	demonstrates how each such recommendation will be

1	implemented,	and,	in	$ ext{the}$	case	of	any	such	rec-

- 2 ommendation that cannot be implemented, a detailed
- 3 reason for such inability to implement such rec-
- 4 ommendation.

a .	AN AMENDN	MENT TO BE	OFFERED BY RE	EPRESENTATIVE	
	woolsey	OF _	Californi	a , or her	_
DESI	GNEE, DEBA	TABLE FOR 4	MINUTES:		



H.L.C

AMENDMENT TO H. CON. RES. 90

AS REPORTED 38

OFFERED BY MS. WOOLSEY OF CALIFORNIA

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

T	SECTION I. CONCURRENT RESULUTION ON THE BUDGET
2	FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.
3	The Congress declares that the concurrent resolution
4	on the budget for fiscal year 2008 is hereby established
5	and that the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years
6	2009 through 2017 are set forth.
7	TITLE I—RECOMMENDED
8	LEVELS AND AMOUNTS
9	SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.
10	The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
11	each of fiscal years 2008 through 2017:
12	(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
13	enforcement of this resolution:
14	(A) The recommended levels of Federal
15	revenues are as follows:
16	Fiscal year 2008: \$2,150,937,000,000
17	Fiscal year 2009: \$2,222,766,000,000
18	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 2,310,761,000,000

1	Fiscal year 2011: \$2,540,991,000,000
2	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 2,644,436,000,000
3	Fiscal year 2013: \$2,734,699,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2014: \$ 2,865,665,000,000
5	Fiscal year 2015: \$ 3,006,549,000,000
6	Fiscal year 2016: \$3,156,674,000,000
7	Fiscal year 2017: \$ 3,317,482,000,000
8	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
9	levels of Federal revenues should be increased
10	are as follows:
11	Fiscal year 2008: \$100,140,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 115,840,000,000
13	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 147,040,000,000
14	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 146,440,000,000
15	Fiscal year 2012: \$47,340,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2013: \$ 27,640,000,000
17	Fiscal year 2014: \$ 27,440,000,000
18	Fiscal year 2015: \$ 27,140,000,000
19	Fiscal year 2016: \$ 27,140,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2017: \$ 27,140,000,000
21	(2) New budget authority.—For purposes
22	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
23	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
24	Fiscal year 2008: \$2,353,935,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2009: \$2,442,610,000,000

1	Fiscal year 2010: \$2,535,026,000,000
2	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 2,652,452,000,000
3	Fiscal year 2012: \$2,717,674,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2013: \$ 2,828,667,000,000
5	Fiscal year 2014: \$2,937,865,000,000
6	Fiscal year 2015: \$ 3,055,071,000,000
7	Fiscal year 2016: \$3,217,325,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2017: \$3,322,445,000,000
9	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
10	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
11	of total budget outlays are as follows:
12	Fiscal year 2008: \$2,402,616,000,000
13	Fiscal year 2009: \$2,465,058,000,000
14	Fiscal year 2010: \$2,538,061,000,000
15	Fiscal year 2011: \$2,646,858,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2012: \$2,697,966,000,000
17	Fiscal year 2013: \$ 2,810,051,000,000
18	Fiscal year 2014: \$2,918,322,000,000
19	Fiscal year 2015: \$ 3,034,657,000,000
20	Fiscal year 2016: \$ 3,202,993,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2017: \$ 3,303,257,000,000
22	(4) DEFICITS (ON-BUDGET).—For purposes of
23	the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of
24	the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:
25	Fiscal year 2008: \$ -251,678,000,000

1	Fiscal year 2009: \$-242 291,000,000
2	Fiscal year 2010: \$-727,299,000,600
3	Fiscal year 2011: \$-105, 868, 00,000
4	Fiscal year 2012: \$-53,530,000,000
5	Fiscal year 2013: \$-75, 352,000,000
6	Fiscal year 2014: \$-52 656 000,000
7	Fiscal year 2015: \$-28,107 000,000
8	Fiscal year 2016: \$-46,320,000,000
9	Fiscal year 2017: \$ 14 224,000,000
10	(5) DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT.—Pursuant to
11	section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act
12	of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are
13	as follows:
14	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 1,295,669,000,000
15	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 9,657,000,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2010: \$ 10,000,000,000
17	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 10,219,000,000,000
18	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 10, 399,000,000,000
19	Fiscal year 2013: \$10,599,000,000
20	Fiscal year 2014: \$10,778,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2015: \$ 10,934,000,000
22	Fiscal year 2016: \$11,102,000,000
23	Fiscal year 2017: \$ 11, 209,000,000,000
24	(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
25	priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

1	Fiscal year 2008: \$ 5, 164, 666, 800, 000
2	Fiscal year 2009: \$ 5,142,000,000
3	Fiscal year 2010: \$5, 152, 600, 000
4	Fiscal year 2011: \$ 5,02 3,000,000
5	Fiscal year 2012: \$ 4,83/,600,000
6	Fiscal year 2013: \$ 4653,000,000 000
7	Fiscal year 2014: \$ 4,448,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2015: \$ 4,215,000,000,000
9	Fiscal year 2016: \$ 4,000,000,000
10	Fiscal year 2017: \$ 3,727,000,000,000
11	SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
12	The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
13	propriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for
14	fiscal years 2008 through 2017 for each major functional
15	category are:
16	(1) National Defense (050):
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ <u>398,744,009,00.</u> 0
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 493, 286, 009,000
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 409,871,000,000
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 446, 218,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 421,524,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 430,322,00000
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 433, 189,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 435,605,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2012:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 445,237,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 435,97 5,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2013:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 457,936,000,000
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 451,495,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2014:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ 470,915,000,000
19	(B) Outlays, \$ 464,070,000,000
20	Fiscal year 2015:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ 484,527,000,000
23	(B) Outlays, \$ 477, 291,000,006
24	Fiscal year 2016:

1				authority,
2	\$ <u>497, 98</u>	19,000	<u> </u>	
3	(B) O	utlays, \$	565 495, 508	000000
4	Fiscal year		•	·
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	<u>\$512,131</u>	000,000	<u>7</u> .	
7	(B) O	utlays, \$	564,943	,000,000
8	(2) Internationa			•
9	Fiscal year	2008:		
10				authority,
11	<u>\$ 53,55</u>	8,000)0	≥ ¢	
12	(B) O	utlays, \$_	45,562,	000,000
13	Fiscal year	2009:	·	•
14			-	authority,
15	<u>\$ 54,617,</u>	000,00	Ġ	
16	(B) Or	utlays, \$_	49,046,	000 Q00
17	Fiscal year	2010:	•	
18			-	authority,
19	\$ 55,138	0000	<u>x</u> o	
20	(B) Or	ıtlays, \$_	50,298,	000,000
21	Fiscal year	2011:	•	•
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$ 55,930		3 0	
24	(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$_	51,663,0	000,000
25	Fiscal year	2012:	,	-

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2		\$56,7	14,000	000	
3		(B)	Outlays,	\$ 53,721	,000,000
4		Fiscal year	ar 2013:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6		\$57,5	48,00	<u>ე</u> ბიი	
7		(B)	Outlays,	\$ 57,368	000,000
8		Fiscal yea	ar 2014:	. ,	
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,
10		\$ 59,43	5,000	000	
11		(B)	Outlays,	\$ 55,018,	00,00
12		Fiscal yea	ar 2015:	•	-
13					authority,
14		\$ 59,20	el, 000	<u>,∞</u> 00	
15				\$ 55,820	1,000,000
16		Fiscal year	r 2016:		•
17		(A)	New	budget	authority,
18		\$60,03	3000,00	<u>xo</u> .	
19		(B) (Outlays,	\$ 56,603,	000000
20		Fiscal yea	r 2017:		·
21				budget	authority,
22		\$ 60,8	98,000	20 <u>0</u> 0	
23				\$ 57,403 <u>,</u>	000,000
24	(3)			/	Technology
25	(250):				

1	Fiscal year 2008:
2	(A) New budget authority
3	\$ 25,619,000,000
4	(B) Outlays, \$ 25,449,000,000
5	Fiscal year 2009:
6	(A) New budget authority
7	\$ 26,126,000,000
8	(B) Outlays, \$ 26,764,0∞,0∞.
9	Fiscal year 2010:
10	(A) New budget authority
11	\$ 26,656,000,000
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 26,764,000,000
13	Fiscal year 2011:
14	(A) New budget authority
15	\$ 27,192,000,000
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 24,669,009,000
17	Fiscal year 2012:
18	(A) New budget authority
19	\$ 27,732,000,000
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 27,182,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2013:
22	(A) New budget authority
23	\$ <u>28,298,000,000</u>
24	(B) Outlays, $\frac{27,731,000,000}{}$
25	Fiscal year 2014:

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$ 28,86	8,000	00	
3			28,291,0	000,000
4	Fiscal year			,
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$ 29,468	200,000	<u>.</u> .	
7	(B) O	utlays, \$	28, 871,00	<u>0,000</u> .
8	Fiscal year	2016:		
9			_	authority,
10	\$ 36,047	000,00	S O	,
11	(B) O	utlays, \$	29,453,	000,000
12	Fiscal year	2017:		
13			_	authority,
14	\$ 30,65°	4, 000,	<u> </u>	
15	(B) O	utlays, \$_	30,045,	<u>000,</u> ∞0
16	(4) Energy (270)):		
17	Fiscal year	2008:		
18				authority,
19	\$ 32,120	e^{ω_0}	000	
20	(B) Or	ıtlays, \$_	12,764,0	∞) <u>o∞</u> o
21	Fiscal year	2009:	·	
22	(A)		budget	authority,
23	\$ <u>31,937,</u>	000300	Ž	
24	(B) Or	ıtlays, \$_	24,691,00	00,000.
25	Fiscal year	2010:	•	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 32,022,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 29,250,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ <u>32,114,009,000</u>
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 30, 583,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2012:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 32,193,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 30,883,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2013:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>32,288,00%</u> 0
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 30,858,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2014:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ <u>35'381'000'000</u>
19	(B) Outlays, \$ 31,182,000
20	Fiscal year 2015:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ <u>J2,479,0090</u> 00
23	(B) Outlays, \$ 31, 417, 000,000.0
24	Fiscal year 2016:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 32,573,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 31, 532, 000,000
4	Fiscal year 2017:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 32,67 <u>9,000,000</u>
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 31,649,000,000
8	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
9	Fiscal year 2008:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 32,713,000,000
12	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>35,681,0∞,000</u>
13	Fiscal year 2009:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ <u>33,429,000,0</u> 00
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 35,798,000,000
17	Fiscal year 2010:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 34,383,000coo
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 35,769,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2011:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ <u>32,025,000</u> 000
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 35, 963,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2012:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 36,094,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$_36,443,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2013:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ <u>37,066,000,000</u>
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 37, 441,600,000
8	Fiscal year 2014:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ <u>38,147,000,000</u>
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 38,536,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2015:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>38,843,000,0</u> 00
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 39,189,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2016:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$41,159,000,000
19	(B) Outlays, \$4/44/000,000
20	Fiscal year 2017:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ 43,384,000,000
23	(B) Outlays, \$ 43,664,000
24	(6) Agriculture (350):
25	Fiscal year 2008:

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$ 20,48	1,000	(Só <u>x</u>	
3	(B) O	utlays, \$	22,047	000,000
4	Fiscal year		• ,	•
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$21,033,	000,00	<u> </u>	
7	(B) O	utlays, \$	20,146,0	200 <u>, 0</u> 00
8	Fiscal year	2010:		,
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$ <u>21,23</u>	8,000,0	00 0	
11	•	,	20,207	000.
12	Fiscal year	2011:	• ,	
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$ 21,25G	$ \sqrt{\infty} $)po	
15	(B) O	utlays, \$_	20,534	,000,000
16	Fiscal year	2012:	•	•
17			_	authority,
18	\$21,50°	Ω, ∞	οδg	
19			20,963,	000,000
20	Fiscal year	2013:		
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$ <u>21,84</u>	3,000,0	200	
23	(B) Ou	itlays, \$_	21,341,	000,000
24	Fiscal vear			

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ <u>22,323,000,000</u>
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 21, 813,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2015:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 21,855,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 21, 376,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2016:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 22,478,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 21,959,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2017:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 23,072,000,000
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 22,479,000,000
16	(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 8,847,000,000
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 1,836,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 8,652,600,000
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 189,600,000.
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 8,616,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 222,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2011:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 8,641,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$_22,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2012:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 8,822,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>557,000,000</u> .
12	Fiscal year 2013:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 8,952,000,00 0
15	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>563,000,000</u> .
16	Fiscal year 2014:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ <u>9,002,000,000</u>
19	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>358,000,000</u> .
20	Fiscal year 2015:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ 9,226,000,000
23	(B) Outlays, \$ 264,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2016:

1	(A) N	√ew	budget	authority,
2	\$ 9,271,000) 00C	<u> 2</u> .	
3	•		26,000	<u>,000</u> .
4	Fiscal year 20	17:		
5	(A) N	l ew	budget	authority,
6	\$ 14, 397, o	50,00	<u> </u>	
7	(B) Outla	ıys, \$_	5,090,0	000,000
8	(8) Transportation	(400)	:	
9	Fiscal year 20	08:		
10			_	authority,
11	\$ 92,741,00	v, 00	5	
12	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	85,871,0	000,000
13	Fiscal year 20	09:		
14				authority,
15	\$ 84,918,0			
16	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	91,260,	000/000
17	Fiscal year 20	10:		
18				authority,
19	\$ 85,736 ,0	0	90	
20	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	93,558,	∞
21	Fiscal year 20	11:		•
22			budget	authority,
23	<u>\$ 86,664,0</u>	χο _ρ α	>6	
24	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	94,170,	000,000
25	Fiscal year 201	12:		.

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2		\$ 87,54	4,000	000	
3			•		3,000,000
4		Fiscal year	2013:	•	•
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6		\$ 88,46.	5,000	000	
7		(B) Ou	ıtlays,	\$7,245,	000,000.
8		Fiscal year	2014:	, ,	•
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,
10		\$ 89,401,	$,\infty$	<u></u>	,
11		(B) Ou	tlays,	\$ 99,053	,000,000
12		Fiscal year	2015:	,	
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,
14		\$ 90,400,	000	000	
15		(B) Ou	tlays,	\$101,080	00000
16		Fiscal year	2016:	•	
17		(A)	New	budget	authority,
18		\$ 91,406	,000	<u>, 0</u> 80	
19		(B) Ou	tlays, s	\$ 103,13	2,000,000
20		Fiscal year	2017:	,	, ,
21				budget	authority,
22		\$ 92,440	5,000	2,000	
23	·				000,000
24	(9)			•	Development
25	(450):				

1	Fiscal year 2008:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$ 18,792,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$ 23, 590,000
5	Fiscal year 2009:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ 17,755,000,000
8	(B) Outlays, \$ 23, 471, 000, 000.
9	Fiscal year 2010:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 18,028,000,000
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 23,579,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2011:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 19,300,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 22,219,000,000
17	Fiscal year 2012:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 18,571,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,455,009,000.
21	Fiscal year 2013:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 19,854,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 18, 519,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2014:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 19,141,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,344,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2015:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$19,441,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$18,626,000.
8	Fiscal year 2016:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$19,730,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 18,927,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2017:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>20,029,000,000.</u>
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,239009000.
16	(10) Education, Training, Employment, and
17	Social Services (500):
18	Fiscal year 2008:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$ <u>114,924,000</u> 00
21	(B) Outlays, \$ 102, 279,0∞,000
22	Fiscal year 2009:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$ <u>118,436,000,000</u>
25	(B) Outlays, \$ 112,310,000,000

1	Fiscal year	r 2010:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$ 122,09	6,000,00	×	
4	(B) O	utlays, \$	117,654,0	000,000
5	Fiscal year		, .	:
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$ 124,40	57,000,0	000	
8	(B) O	utlays, \$	121,544,	000,000
9	Fiscal year	2012:	•	·
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$/27,02	5,000,0	<i>5</i> ≪	
12	•		123,668,6	000
13	Fiscal year	2013:	•	
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$ <u> 2 9, 92</u>	6,000,0	O Q	
16	(B) O	utlays, \$_	126,517	000,000
17	Fiscal year	2014:	·	
18				authority,
19	\$ 133,42	3,000,	000	
20			129,974,	00 <u>6,000,</u>
21	Fiscal year	2015:	, ,	
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$ <u>137,</u> &	10,000	<u>1</u> 00	
24				4,000,000
25	Fiscal year	2016:	. •	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 140,984,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 137,381,600,000
4	Fiscal year 2017:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 144, 874, 000,000
,7	(B) Outlays, \$ 141, 298,000
8	(11) Health (550):
9	Fiscal year 2008:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ <u>710,767,000,0</u> 00
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 305,039,000,000
13	Fiscal year 2009:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 331,814,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 328,766,000,00
17	Fiscal year 2010:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ <u>349,838,000,000</u> .
20	(B) Outlays, \$349, 457,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2011:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ <u>371,549,000,000</u> .
24	(B) Outlays, \$370, 401, 000,000
25	Fiscal year 2012:

1	(A) N	Jew	budget	authority,
2	\$ <u>394,692</u>	000	,000	
3	,	•		1,000,000
4	Fiscal year 20	13:		, ,
5			_	authority,
6	\$ 405,069	,000	,000	
7	•	-	463,649,	<u>00,000</u> .
8	Fiscal year 20	14:		
9				authority,
10	<u>\$432,515,00</u>	9,000	<u>.</u> .	
11	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	430,676,0	<u>0900</u> .
12	Fiscal year 20	15:	,	
13				authority,
14	\$ 462,190,00	•		
15	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	459,904,	<u>000/000.</u>
16	Fiscal year 20	16:		
17	(A) N	ew	budget	authority,
18	\$ 494, 433,00	900	Ø	
19	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	491, 703,	<u> </u>
20	Fiscal year 20	17:		
21	(A) N	ew	budget	authority,
22	<u>\$ 534,665,0</u>	∞ರ∞	o	
23	(B) Outla	ys, \$_	531,073,0	<u>∞, ∞</u>
24	(12) Medicare (570):	·	-
25	Fiscal year 200)8:		

1	(A)	New	\mathbf{budget}	authority,
2	\$ 389,5 60	6,00960	٥	
3	(B) C	utlays, \$	389,685,0	<u>∞,∞</u>
4	Fiscal year	r 2009:	,	-
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$ <u>416,710,</u>	000,000	<u>s</u> .	
7	(B) O	utlays, \$	416,364,0	200,000
8	Fiscal year		, ,	•
9				authority,
10	\$ <u>442,</u> 34	1,000,0	<u>0</u> 60	
11	(B) O	utlays, \$	442,569,	500,000
12	Fiscal year	2011:	, ,	
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$ 489,07	7,000,0	200	
15	(B) O	utlays, \$_	489,687,	0000
16	Fiscal year	2012:	•	
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,
18	\$486,80	4,000,0	<u> </u>	
19	(B) O	utlays, \$_	486,417	, <u>000,000</u>
20	Fiscal year	2013:		
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$ 540, sc	9,000,	oo <u>ó</u>	
23	(B) O	utlays, \$_	540,743	000,000
24	Fiscal year	2014:	,	-

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	<u>\$ 578,4</u>	38,000,0	000	
3	•	•	578,437,	<u>000,00</u> 0
4	Fiscal year		, ,	,
5	(A)	New	\mathbf{budget}	authority,
6	\$621,2	56,000,	<u>0</u> 60	
7	(B) O	utlays, \$	620,761,0	000 ₀ 000
8	Fiscal year	2016:	•	
9	(A)	New	\mathbf{budget}	authority,
10	\$ <u>697,789</u>	0,000,000	<u>></u> .	
11	(B) O	utlays, \$	698,014,	000,000
12	Fiscal year	2017:	•	
13	(A)	New	\mathbf{budget}	authority,
14	\$ <u>729,18</u>	-		
15	(B) O	utlays, \$_	729,166	$,\infty,\infty$
16	(13) Income Sec	eurity (60	00):	
17	Fiscal year	2008:		
18				authority,
19	\$ <u>384,57</u>	8,000,0	00	
20	(B) Or	utlays, \$_	388,437,0	000
21	Fiscal year		, ,	•
22	(A)	New	O	authority,
23	\$ 397, S 13	0000	<u>j</u> a	
24	(B) Or	ıtlays, \$	399,481,00	<u>,000</u> .
25	Fiscal year	2010:	·	

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$ 408,42°	1,000,000	·	
3		•	499,273,00	0,000.
4	Fiscal year		, ,	•
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$ 424,2	16,000,00	٥	
7	(B) O	utlays, \$	424,674,	<u>000,000</u> .
8	Fiscal year		, ,	,
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	<u>\$ 410, 419</u>	1,000,00	6	
11	(B) O	utlays, \$_	409,717,0	000,000
12	Fiscal year	2013:	, ,	•
13				authority,
14	<u>\$ 426,36</u>	9,000	X 00	
15	(B) O	utlays, \$_	425, 129,	00000
16	Fiscal year	2014:		
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,
18	\$ 438,065	∞	·	
19	(B) O	atlays, \$_	436,839,0	00,000.
20	Fiscal year	2015:	•	•
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$ 449,761,			
23	(B) Or	atlays, \$_	448,287	,000,000
24	Fiscal year		, ,	

1	(A) New budget authority
2	\$ <u>466,647,000,</u> 000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>465,168,000,</u> 000
4	Fiscal year 2017:
5	(A) New budget authority
6	\$ <u>473,677,000,</u> 000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>471,998,000,</u> 000
8	(14) Social Security (650):
9	Fiscal year 2008:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 19,644,000,000
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,644,000,000
13	Fiscal year 2009:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 21,518,000,000
16	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>21,518,000,000</u>
17	Fiscal year 2010:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$23,701,000,000
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 23,701,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2011:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ <u>27,009,000,0</u> 00
24	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>27,009,000,00</u>
25	Fiscal year 2012:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 29,898,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 29,898,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2013:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 32,656,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 32,656,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2014:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 35,652,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 35,652,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2015:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	<u>\$ 38,900,000,0</u> 00
15	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>38,900,000,000</u>
16	Fiscal year 2016:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ <u>42,535,000,0</u> 00
19	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>42,535,000,000</u>
20	Fiscal year 2017:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ 46,4 <i>8</i> 3,000,000
23	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>46,483,000,000</u>
24	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
25	Fiscal year 2008:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 90,207,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 90, 387, 000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2009:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 91,641,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 9/,619,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2010:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 93,063,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ 93,024,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2011:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>97,416,000,000.</u>
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 97, 409,000,000
16	Fiscal year 2012:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ 128,472,000,000
19	(B) Outlays, \$ 128,297,000,000
20	Fiscal year 2013:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ 132,946,000,000
23	(B) Outlays, \$ 132,770,000,000
24	Fiscal year 2014:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 134,557,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$134,405,000,600
4	Fiscal year 2015:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ <u>136,261,000,000</u>
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 136,087,000,000
8	Fiscal year 2016:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ 141,593,000,000
11	(B) Outlays, \$141,562,000,000
12	Fiscal year 2017:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ 140,005,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$ 140,030,000,000
16	(16) Administration of Justice (750):
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 46,220,000,000
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 46,091,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 45,797,000,000
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 47,024,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1	(A)	New	\mathbf{budget}	authority,
2	\$ 46,968	,600,00	ġ.	
3	, ,	-	47,258,0	00,000
4	Fiscal year		•	/
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$ 48,179,	600,000	<u>ā</u>	
7			47, 941, 0	000,000
8	Fiscal year		, ,	,
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$ 49,416,	000,000	_•	
11	(B) Or	utlays, \$_	48,998,0	<u>60,000</u> .
12	Fiscal year		, ,	,
13			=	authority,
14	\$ 50,65	9,000,	600	
15	(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$_	50,142,0	000,000
16	Fiscal year	2014:	, ,	
17				authority,
18	\$ 51,959	,000,00	20	
19	(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$_	51,440,0	000,000
20	Fiscal year	2015:	• ,	•
21			budget	authority,
22	\$ 56,43°	1,000,0	.oo	
23	(B) Ou	tlays, \$_	55,893,	000000
24	Fiscal year		. ,	Ť

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 58,153,600,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 57,619,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2017:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 59,926,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ 59, 276,00%, 00%
8	(17) General Government (800):
9	Fiscal year 2008:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ 19,/26, 000,000
12	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,658,000,600.
13	Fiscal year 2009:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ 19,774,600,000
16	(B) Outlays, \$ 19,752, 000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2010:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ 26,398,000,000
20	(B) Outlays, \$ 20, 292,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2011:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ 21,159,000,000
24	(B) Outlays, \$ 20,890,000,000
25	Fiscal year 2012:

1	(A)	New	\mathbf{budget}	authority,
2	\$ <u>21, 81, 0</u>	∞ , ∞	<u>)</u> .	
3	(B) Outl	ays, \$	21,706,0	00 <u>,000</u> .
4	Fiscal year 2	013:	, ,	,
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$ 22,578,0	000,00	<u>D</u>	
7		-	22,177,0	500g00g.
8	Fiscal year 20		, ,	,
9	(A) I	New	budget	authority,
10	\$ <u>23,299,60</u>	0,000	<u>.</u> .	,
11	(B) Outl	ays, \$_	22,888,	000,000
12	Fiscal year 20)15:	-	•
13	(A) 1	Vew	budget	authority,
14	\$ 23,885,60	0000	. .	
15	(B) Outla	ays, \$_	23,498,	000,000
16	Fiscal year 20	16:	·	
17	(A) N	lew	budget	authority,
18	\$ <u>24,638,00</u>			
19	(B) Outla	ıys, \$_	24,418,0	50000
20	Fiscal year 20	17:	,	•
21			budget	
22	\$ 25,415,0 (B) Outla	∞	d	
23	(B) Outla	ıys, \$_	24,984,	<u> </u>
24	(18) Net Interest (900):	, .	
25	Fiscal year 20	08:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ <u>365,581,000,0</u> 00
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 365,581,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2009:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ <u>376,713,000,0</u> 00
7	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>376,713,000,0</u> 00
8	Fiscal year 2010:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ <u>390,894,000,</u> 000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>390,894,000,</u> 000
12	Fiscal year 2011:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>399,750,000,</u> .000
15	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>399,750,000,</u> 000
16	Fiscal year 2012:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ <u>405,529,000</u> ,000
19	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>405,529,000,000</u>
20	Fiscal year 2013:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ <u>411,266,000,</u> 000
23	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>411,266,000,</u> 000
24	Fiscal year 2014:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ 418,293,000,000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ 418,293,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2015:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ 424,021,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>424,021,000,000</u>
8	Fiscal year 2016:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ <u>429,637,000,</u> 000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>429,637,000,000</u>
12	Fiscal year 2017:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>432,297,000,</u> 000
15	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>432,297,000</u> ,000
16	(19) Allowances (920):
17	Fiscal year 2008:
18	(Á) New budget authority,
19	\$ <u>820,000,000</u>
20	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>808,000,000</u> .
21	Fiscal year 2009:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ <u>854,000,000</u>
24	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>852,000,000</u> .
25	Fiscal year 2010:

1			•	authority,
2	\$ 884,6	00,000	_·	
3	(B) O	utlays, \$	983,000,	<u>600</u> .
4	Fiscal year		•	
5				authority,
6	\$ 921, ∞	∞	<u>)</u> .	
7		•	921,000,	000
8	Fiscal year	2012:	, ,	
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$ <u>957,∞</u>	0,000	_·	
11	(B) Ou	utlays, \$_	957,000,	600.
12	Fiscal year	2013:	•	
13			-	authority,
14	\$ 99 6, 60			
15	(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$_	996,000,	000
16	Fiscal year	2014:		
17	_		_	authority,
18	\$ 1,033,0	XX)000	<u>.</u> .	
19	(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$_	1,033,00	<u>0,000</u> .
20	Fiscal year	2015:	•	
21	(A)	New	O	authority,
22	\$ 1,075,0			
23	(B) Ou	tlays, \$_	,०१५,००	,000.
24	Fiscal year	2016:	-	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$1,115,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$1,115,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2017:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ <u>1,160,000,000</u>
7	(B) Outlays, \$1,160,000,000
8	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
9	Fiscal year 2008:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$ <u>-70,979,000,</u> .000
12	(B) Outlays, \$ -70,979,000,000
13	Fiscal year 2009:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$ <u>-66,560,000,</u> 000
16	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-66,569,000</u> ,000
17	Fiscal year 2010:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$ <u>-66,933,00</u> 0,000
20	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-66,933,000,</u> 000
21	Fiscal year 2011:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ <u>-69,575,000,</u> 000
24	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-69,595,000</u> ,000
25	Fiscal year 2012:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$ <u>-71,857,000,</u> 000
3	(B) Outlays, \$ -71,860,000,000
4	Fiscal year 2013:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$ -75,557,000,000
7	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-75,555,000</u> ,000
8	Fiscal year 2014:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ <u>-77,982,000,</u> 000
11	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-77,979,000,000</u>
12	Fiscal year 2015:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$ <u>-81,282,00</u> 0,000
15	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-81,279,000,000</u>
16	Fiscal year 2016:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ <u>-84,781,000,000</u>
19	(B) Outlays, \$ <u>-84,780,000,000</u>
20	Fiscal year 2017:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$ -94, 228, 000, 000
23	(B) Outlays, \$-94,228,000,000

${\it 3}$. AN AMENDMENT	Γ TO BE OFFERED BY REPRI	ESENTATIVE
Ryan	OF WISCONSIN	, OR H_ i'S
DESIGNEE, DEBATABI	LE FOR 40 MINUTES:	

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DEVICED

AMENDMENT TO H. CON. RES. 99, AS REPORTED

OFFERED BY MR. RYAN OF WISCONSIN

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET

- FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.
- 3 (a) DECLARATION.—The Congress declares that the
- 4 concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008
- 5 is hereby established and that the appropriate budgetary
- 6 levels for fiscal years 2009 through 2012 are set forth.
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—
 - Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008.

TITLE I-RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

- Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 102. Major functional categories.

TITLE H-RECONCILIATION

Sec. 201. Reconciliation in the House of Representatives.

TITLE HI-POLICY STATEMENTS

- Sec. 301. Policy of the United States Congress on taxation.
- Sec. 302. Policy of the United States Congress on entitlement spending.

TITLE IV-GENERAL BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 401. Restrictions on advance appropriations.
- Sec. 402. Contingency operations related to the global war on terrorism and for unanticipated defense needs.
- Sec. 403. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 404. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 405. Compliance with section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990.
- Sec. 406. Exercise of rulemaking powers.
- Sec. 407. Adjustments for tax legislation.

- Sec. 408. Repeal of the Gephardt rule.
- Sec. 409. Budget compliance statements.
- Sec. 410. Cost estimates for conference reports and unreported measures.
- Sec. 411. Roll call votes for new spending.
- Sec. 412. Budget process reform.
- Sec. 413. Treasury Department study and report.
- Sec. 414. Assistance by Federal agencies to standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
- Sec. 415. Budgetary treatment of the National Flood Insurance Program.

TITLE V-EMERGENCY RESERVE FUND

- Sec. 501. Nondefense reserve fund for emergencies.
- Sec. 502. Emergency criteria.
- Sec. 503. Development of guidelines for application of emergency definition.
- Sec. 504. Committee notification of emergency legislation.
- Sec. 505. Up-to-date tabulations.

TITLE VI-LEGISLATIVE LINE ITEM VETO AUTHORITY

- Sec. 601. Presidential recommendations.
- Sec. 602. Procedures in United States Congress.
- Sec. 603. Identification of targeted tax benefits.
- Sec. 604. Additional matters.
- Sec. 605. Expiration.
- Sec. 606. Sense of Congress on deferral authority.
- Sec. 607. Sense of Congress on abuse of proposed cancellations.

TITLE VII—EARMARK TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 701. Prohibition on obligation of funds for earmarks included only in congressional reports.
- Sec. 702. Definitions.

TITLE VIII-PAY-AS-YOU-GO.

Sec. 801. Pay-as-you-go point of order.

TITLE IX—DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.

Sec. 901. Discretionary spending limits in the House.

TITLE X—SENSES OF CONGRESS

- Sec. 1001. Sense of the House regarding the importance of child support enforcement.
- Sec. 1002. Sense of the House on State veterans cemetaries.
- Sec. 1003. Sense of Congress on health insurance reform.
- Sec. 1004. Sense of the House on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

1 TITLE I—RECOMMENDED
2 LEVELS AND AMOUNTS
3 SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.
4 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
5 each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012:
6 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
7 enforcement of this resolution:
8 (A) The recommended levels of Federal
9 revenues are as follows:
10 Fiscal year 2008:
11 \$ 2,00Z, 088,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2009:
13 \$ 2,097 , 634 ,000,000.
14 Fiscal year 2010:
15 \$ 2, 148, 718,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2011:
17 \$ 2,244 , 002 ,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2012:
19 \$ Z , 374 , 337 ,000,000.
20 (B) The amounts by which the aggregate
21 levels of Federal revenues should be increased
22 are as follows:
23 Fiscal year 2008:
24 \$ 48, 912,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2009:
2	\$ <u>9,366</u> ,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2010:
4	\$ 15,282,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2011:
6	\$ 150 <u>, 998</u> ,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2012:
8	\$ 272,663,000,000.
9	(2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes
10	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
11	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
12	Fiscal year 2008:
13	\$ 2,452, 253,000,000.
14.	Fiscal year 2009:
15	\$ 2,432 , 323 ,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2010:
17	\$ 2, 464 , 843 ,000,000
18	Fiscal year 2011:
19	\$ 2,575 , 993 ,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2012:
21	\$ 2,613,919,000,000.
22	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
23	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
24	of total budget outlays are as follows:

1.	Fiscal year 2	2008:
2	\$ 2, 427, 922,000,000.	
3		2009:
4	\$2,484, Z51,000,000.	
5 4	Fiscal year 2	2010:
6	\$ 2,468 <u>,400</u> ,000,000.	
7	Fiscal year 2	2011:
8	\$2,529 , 608 ,000,000	
9.	Fiscal year 2	2012:
10	\$2,530 <u>, 737</u> _,000,000.	
11	(4) DEFICITS (ON-BUDGET).—For purpose	es of
12	the enforcement of this resolution, the amoun	ts of
13	the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:	
14	Fiscal 42.5 year	2008:
15	\$ 4 66 , 834 ,000,000.	
16		2009:
17	\$ <u>386,617</u> ,000,000.	2
18	Fiscal year 2	2010:
19	\$ 319,682,000,000.	٠.
20		2011:
21	\$ 285,609,000,000	
22	Fiscal year 2	2012:
23	\$ 156 , 400 , _{000,000}	
24	(5) Debt subject to limit.—Pursuar	nt to
25	section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget	Act

1		of 1974, the appropriate levels of the pul	blic debt are
2		as follows:	edit
3.		Fiscal year	2008:
4		<u>\$ 9,476,349</u> ,000,000.	
5	:•	Fiscal year	2009:
6		\$ 9,979 , 952 ,000,000.	¥
7	ı	Fiscal year	2010:
8		\$ 10,418,522,000,000.	
9		Fiscal year	2011:
10		\$ 10,820,002,000,000.	
11		Fiscal year	2012:
12		\$11,105,786,000,000.	
13		(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—	-The appro-
14		priate levels of debt held by the public ar	e as follows:
15		Fiscal year	2008:
16		\$ <u>5,284,759</u> ,000,000.	
17		Fiscal year	2009:
18		\$ 5, 467, 610,000,000.	
19		Fiscal year	2010:
20	:	\$5,570,986, _{000,000} .	
21		Fiscal year	2011:
22		\$5,624,371,000,000.	
23		Fiscal year	2012:
24.		\$ <u>5,537,610</u> ,000,000.	

1	SEC. 102. MAJO	OR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
2	The Con	gress determines and declares that the ap-
3	propriate leve	els of new budget authority and outlays for
4	fiscal years 20	008 through 2012 for each major functional
5	category are:	
6	(1)	National Defense (050):
7		Fiscal year 2008:
8	Nation .	(A) New budget authority,
9	45.5	\$ 648,770 ,000,000.
10		(B) Outlays,
11		\$ 617, 792,000,000.
12		Fiscal year 2009:
13		(A) New budget authority,
14	*	\$ 584, 705,000,000.
15		(B) Outlays,
16		\$ 626, 892,000,000.
17		Fiscal year 2010:
18		(A) New budget authority,
19	+ , +	\$ 550, 790,000,000.
20		(B) Outlays,
21	. •	\$ 561 , 384 ,000,000.
22		Fiscal year 2011:
23		(A) New budget authority,
24	· · · · · ·	\$ 564 , 117 ,000,000.
25		(B) Outlays,
26		\$ 536 , 057 ,000,000.

25

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1	Fiscal year 2012:	We have
2	(A) New budget	authority,
3	\$ 579, 375	_,000,000.
4	(B)	Outlays,
5	\$ 525, 407	,000,000.
6	(2) International Affairs (150):	
7	Fiscal year 2008:	
8	(A) New budget	7 :
9	<u>\$ 31, 989</u>	_,000,000.
10	(B)	Outlays,
11	<u>\$ 31,637</u>	_,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2009:	
13	(A) New budget	
14	<u>\$ 32,387</u>	_,000,000.
15	(B)	Outlays,
16	\$ 30 , Z63	_,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2010:	•
18	(A) New budget	authority,
19	<u>\$ 32, 199</u>	_,000,000.
20	(B)	Outlays,
21	<u>\$ 29,873</u>	_,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2011:	
23	(A) New budget	authority,
	s 32 268	

1	(B)	Outlays,
2	\$ 29,679	,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2012:	
4 4 4 4	(A) New budget	
5	\$ 32,336	,000,000.
6	(B)	Outlays,
7	<u>\$ 29,774</u>	,000,000
8 (3)	General Science, Space, and	Technology
9 (250):		
10	Fiscal year 2008:	· :
11	(A) New budget	• .
12.	\$ Z7, 461	,000,000.
13	(B)	Outlays,
14	<u>\$ 26, 413</u>	,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2009:	
16 ~	(A) New budget	
17	\$ 2 <i>5</i> , 083	,000,000.
18	(B)	Outlays,
19	\$ 25,674	,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2010:	
21	(A) New budget	authority,
22	\$ 25,083	,000,000.
23	(B)	Outlays,
24	\$ 25 , 53 <u></u>	,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2011:	

1	j. 4	(A) New budget authority,
2	, vitativity	\$ 25,083,000,000.
3	3	(B) Outlays,
4		\$ <u>24,915</u> ,000,000.
5		Fiscal year 2012:
6	.,	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ 1 m	\$ 25,083,000,000.
8.		(B) Outlays,
9	•	\$
10	(4)	Energy (270):
11		Fiscal year 2008:
12		(A) New budget authority,
13		\$ <u>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</u>
14	•••	(B) Outlays,
15		\$
16		Fiscal year 2009:
17		(A) New budget authority,
18		\$,000,000.
19	t j	(B) Outlays,
20		\$ <u>1</u> , 258,000,000.
21	, ,	Fiscal year 2010:
22	. •	(A) New budget authority,
23	· .	\$2 <u>, 754</u> _,000,000.
24	· :	(B) Outlays,
25		\$ 1,340,000.

1		Fiscal year 2011:		
2		(A) New	budget	authority,
3	g.	\$ <u> 2</u> ,	748	_,000,000.
4	1	(B)	•	Outlays,
5	Post P	\$ <u> </u>	294	_,000,000.
6.		Fiscal year 2012:	· : · · '	
7	. •	(A) New	budget	authority,
8.		\$	726	_,000,000.
9		(B)		Outlays,
10		\$	499	_,000,000.
11	(5)	Natural Resources	s and Enviro	nment (300):
12		Fiscal year 2008	e de la companya de l	
13		(A) New	budget	authority,
13 14	1		budget 564	
	,			
14		\$30,	564	_,000,000.
14 15		\$ 30,	564 700	_,000,000. Outlays,
14 15 16		\$ 30, (B) \$ 33,	564 700	_,000,000. Outlays,
14 15 16 17		\$ 30, (B) \$ 33, Fiscal year 2009	564 700	_,000,000. Outlays, _,000,000.
14 15 16 17 18		\$ 30, (B) \$ 33, Fiscal year 2009: (A) New	564 700	_,000,000. Outlays, _,000,000. authority,
14 15 16 17 18 19		\$ 30, (B) \$ 33, Fiscal year 2009; (A) New \$ 30,	564 700	_,000,000. Outlays, _,000,000. authority, _,000,000.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		\$ 30, (B) \$ 33, Fiscal year 2009: (A) New \$ 30, (B)	564 700 budget 425 411	_,000,000. Outlays, _,000,000. authority, _,000,000. Outlays,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		\$ 30, (B) \$ 33, Fiscal year 2009; (A) New \$ 30, (B) \$ 32,	564 700 budget 425 411	_,000,000. Outlays, _,000,000. authority, _,000,000. Outlays,

1		(B) Outlays	3,
2		\$ <u>30</u> , 754_,000,000.	
3		Fiscal year 2011:	
4		(A) New budget authority	7,
5		\$ 29 , 365 ,000,000.	:
6		(B) Outlays	3,
7		\$ <u>30,129</u> ,000,000.	
8		Fiscal year 2012:	
9		(A) New budget authority	⁷ ,
10		\$ 29, 250,000,000.	
11	÷.	(B) Outlays	3,
12		\$ 29 , 890 ,000,000	
13	· (6) Agriculture (350):	
14		Fiscal year 2008:	
15		(A) New budget authority	,
16	. • * :	\$20_,330,000,000	
17		(B) Outlays	;,
18		\$	
19	. :	Fiscal year 2009:	
20	٠.	(A) New budget authority	, ·
21		\$ ZO 183 .000,000	
21		\$ <u>20</u> , 183_,000,000.	
22		(B) Outlays	;,
		·	;,

1		(A) New budget	authority,
2		<u>\$ 19,988</u>	_,000,000.
3	2 - 11 - 2 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 1	(B)	Outlays,
4	i.	\$ 19,120	_,000,000.
5		Fiscal year 2011:	
6		(A) New budget	authority,
7	mark in	\$ 19,502	_,000,000.
8		(B)	Outlays,
9		s 18, 8.76	_,000,000.
10	•	Fiscal year 2012:	
11		(A) New budget	authority,
12		<u>\$ 19,099</u>	_,000,000.
13		(B)	Outlays,
14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 18,645	_,000,000.
15	. (7)	Commerce and Housing Credit	(370):
16		Fiscal year 2008:	
17		(A) New budget	authority,
18		\$ <u>8,127</u>	_,000,000.
19	· ,	(B)	Outlays,
20	:	\$ <u>1,237</u>	_,000,000.
21		Fiscal year 2009:	
22	•	(A) New budget	authority,
23		\$ 020	_,000,000.
24		(B)	Outlays,
25		\$ - 413	_,000,000.

1	+ 12	Fiscal year 2010:	
2		(A) New budget	authority,
3	en e	\$7,731	,000,000.
4		(B)	Outlays,
5		s	_,000,000.
6	٠.	Fiseal year 2011:	
7		(A) New budget	
8	. ** - a	\$ 7,486	,000,000
9	: :	(B)	Outlays,
10		\$,000,000.
11		Fiscal year 2012:	
12	, te		authority,
13		\$ 7,384	,000,000.
14		(B)	Outlays,
15		<u>\$</u>	,000,000.
16	(8)	Transportation (400):	
17		Fiscal year 2008:	
18		(A) New budget	authority,
19		\$ 79, 363	,000,000.
20	<i>:</i>	(B)	Outlays,
21		\$ 79,252	,000,000.
22	*.	Fiscal year 2009:	
23	:	(A) New budget	authority,
24		\$ 73,326	,000,000.

1	(P)	Ondlaws
1	(B)	Outlays,
2	\$ 80,458	_,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2010:	
4	(A) New budget	
5	\$ 73,419	_,000,000.
6	(B)	Outlays,
7	\$ 80 , 5 53	_,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2011:	
9	(A) New budget	authority,
10	\$ <u>73,445</u>	_,000,000.
11	(B)	Outlays,
12	\$ 79,371	_,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2012:	
14	(A) New budget	
15	\$ 73,441	_,000,000.
16	(B)	Outlays,
17	\$ 79,041	_,000,000.
18	(9) Community and Regional	Development
19	(450):	·
20	Fiscal year 2008:	
21	(A) New budget	authority,
22	\$ 13,376	_,000,000.
23	(B)	Outlays,
24	(B) \$ 22, 123	_,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2009:	

1 pi = 1	(A) New budget authority,
2 * * *	\$ <u> , OZO</u> ,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays,
A	\$ 20, 179,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2010:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$10_,930,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays,
9	\$ 18, 106,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2011:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$ 10,968,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays,
14)	\$ 15,695,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2012:
16.	(A) New budget authority,
17	\$
18	(B) Outlays,
19	\$12,306,000,000.
20 (10)	Education, Training, Employment, and
21 Social Se	ervices (500):
22	Fiscal year 2008:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$ 84, 465,000,000.

1		(B)	Outlays,
2	4. S	\$ 84, 263	_,000,000.
3	en e	Fiscal year 2009:	
4	47.0	(A) New budget	authority,
5		\$ 87,802	_,000,000.
6		(B)	Outlays,
7	Marine St.	\$ 86, 146	_,000,000
8		Fiscal year 2010:	
9		(A) New budget	authority,
10		\$ 88,652	_,000,000.
11		(B)	Outlays,
12		\$ 86,697	_,000,000.
13		Fiscal year 2011:	
14		(A) New budget	authority,
15		\$ 87,541	_,000,000.
16		(B)	Outlays,
17	200	\$ 86, 709	_,000,000.
18	•	Fiscal year 2012:	
19		(A) New budget	authority,
20		<u>\$ 87,560</u>	_,000,000.
21.		(B)	Outlays,
22	٠	\$ 85,480	_,000,000.
23	(11) Health (550):	
24		Fiscal year 2008:	

, 1.		(A) New budget	authority,
2	3 ¹² 142 3	\$ 276, 635	_,000,000.
3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(B)	Outlays,
4		\$ 277, 551	_,000,000.
5		Fiscal year 2009:	
6	· :	(A) New budget	authority,
7	- [18] (3].[1]	<u>\$ 289,549</u>	_,000,000.
8		(B)	Outlays,
9	er e gr	<u>\$ 289, 960</u>	_,000,000.
10		Fiscal year 2010:	:
11		(A) New budget	authority,
12	14-15 A	\$ 301,940	_,000,000.
13		(B)	Outlays,
14		\$ 302, 472	_,000,000.
15		Fiscal year 2011:	
16		(A) New budget	authority,
17	*	\$ 316, 550	_,000,000.
18		(B)	Outlays,
19	٠	\$ 317,366	_,000,000.
20		Fiscal year 2012:	
21		(A) New budget	authority,
22		\$ 332, 483	_,000,000.
23		(B)	Outlays,
24		\$ 334,000	_,000,000.
25	(12)	Medicare (570):	

1	Fiscal year 2008:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$ 379,676,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays,
5	\$ 379, 821 ,000,000.
6 .	Fiscal year 2009:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$ <u>398,904</u> ,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays,
10	\$ 398,592,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2010:
12	(A) New budget authority,
13	\$ 414, 261, 000,000.
14	(B) Outlays,
15	\$ 414, 518, _{000,000} .
16	Fiscal year 2011:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$ 450, 100,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays,
20	\$ <u>450</u> ,147_,000,000
21	Fiscal year 2012:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$ <u>436, 189</u> ,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays,
25	\$ <u>435</u> , 845_,000,000.

1	(13)) Income Security (600):	
2	1	Fiscal year 2008:	
. 3			authority,
4	•	\$ 376, 258	_,000,000.
5		(B)	Outlays,
6		\$ 381, 323	_,000,000.
7	î ej	Fiscal year 2009:	
8		(A) New budget	authority,
9		\$ 383, 8 <i>5</i> 3	_,000,000.
10		(B)	Outlays,
11		\$ 383,617	_,000,000.
12		Fiscal year 2010:	
13		(A) New budget	•
14		<u>\$ 392,348</u>	_,000,000.
15		(B)	Outlays,
16		\$ 391,046	_,000,000.
17		Fiscal year 2011:	
18		(A) New budget	authority,
19		<u>\$ 406,091</u>	_,000,000.
20		(B)	Outlays,
21		\$ 403,954	_,000,000.
22		Fiscal year 2012:	
23		(A) New budget	authority,
24		\$ 405,114	_,000,000.

1.		(B) Outlays,
2	1 14 2	\$ 402, 614,000,000.
3		(14) Social Security (650):
4	·. ·	Fiscal year 2008:
5:	. :	(A) New budget authority,
6		\$ <u>19,644</u> ,000,000.
7 ., 8	to a	(B) Outlays, \$
9	: :	Fiscal year 2009:
10	. :	(A) New budget authority,
11		\$ 21 , 518 ,000,000.
12	·; ::	(B) Outlays,
13		\$ 21,518,000,000.
14		Fiscal year 2010:
15		(A) New budget authority,
16		\$ 23,701,000,000.
17		(B) Outlays,
18	•	\$ 23, 70, ,000,000.
19		Fiscal year 2011:
20	٠.	(A) New budget authority,
21		\$ <u>27,009</u> ,000,000.
22		(B) Outlays,
23		\$ 27,009,000.
24		Fiscal year 2012:

1		(A) New budget authority,
2	,	\$ 29,898,000,000.
3	\$	(B) Outlays,
4		\$ <u>29,898</u> ,000,000.
5	(15)	Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
6	te le l	Fiscal year 2008:
7	. •	(A) New budget authority,
8	tr "	\$ <u>84</u> , 493_,000,000.
9		(B) Outlays,
10		\$ 84,512,000,000.
11	٠. '	Fiscal year 2009:
12		(A) New budget authority,
13	• ;:	\$ 89,019,000,000.
14		(B) Outlays,
15		\$89,033,000,000.
16		Fiscal year 2010:
17		(A) New budget authority,
18		\$ 92,397,000,000.
19		(B) Outlays,
20	· .	\$ 90,798 ,000,000.
21		Fiscal year 2011:
22		(A) New budget authority,
23	· 21, 5.	\$ 98 , 286 _{,000,000} .
24		(B) Outlays,
25		\$ 96 <u>, 779 _,000,000.</u>

1	• • •	Fiscal year 2012:
2		(A) New budget authority,
3	2	\$ <u>96</u> , <u>528</u> ,000,000.
4	2.5	(B) Outlays,
5	*	\$ 94, 838,000,000.
6	(16	Administration of Justice (750):
7	. (**)	Fiscal year 2008:
8		(A) New budget authority,
9		\$ <u>45</u> , 765_,000,000.
10		(B) Outlays,
11		\$ 46, 432,000,000.
12		Fiscal year 2009:
13	÷ .	(A) New budget authority,
14		\$ <u>45,471</u> ,000,000.
15		(B) Outlays,
16		\$ 46,631,000,000.
17		Fiscal year 2010:
18	, *	(A) New budget authority,
19		\$ <u>45,742</u> ,000,000.
20		(B) Outlays,
21		\$46 <u>, 466</u> , _{000,000} .
22		Fiscal year 2011:
23	•	(A) New budget authority,
24		\$ <u>45</u> , 995 ,000,000.

1		(B)	Outlays,
2		<u>\$ 46,323</u>	_,000,000.
3	•	Fiscal year 2012:	
4		(A) New budget	
5		\$ 46,198	_,000,000.
6		(B)	Outlays,
7		\$ 46, 166	_,000,000.
8) General Government (800): .	
9		Fiscal year 2008:	;
10		(A) New budget	authority,
11	. :	<u>\$ 17 , 873 </u>	_,000,000.
12		(B)	Outlays,
13		\$ 18 , 3 <i>5</i> 3	_,000,000.
14		Fiscal year 2009:	
15			authority,
16		<u>\$ 17,844</u>	_,000,000.
17		(B)	Outlays,
18.		\$ 18,013	_,000,000.
19		Fiscal year 2010:	
20		(A) New budget	authority,
21	•	\$ 20,270	_,000,000.
22		(B)	Outlays,
23	·	\$ 20, 262	_,000,000.
24	2.5	Fiscal year 2011:	

1	(A) New budg	get authority,
2	\$ 17,801	,000,000.
3	(B)	Outlays,
4	\$ 17,649	,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2012:	
6	(A) New budg	get authority,
7	\$ 18,264	,000,000.
8	(B)	Outlays,
9	\$ 18,230),000,000.
10	(18) Net Interest (900):	
11	Fiscal year 2008:	
12	(A) New budg	get authority,
13	\$ 255, 62	,000,000.
14	(B) 370 UZ	Outlays,
15	\$ 255, 52	,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2009:	
17	(A) 388 New 836 budg	get authority,
18	\$ 264,630	5 ,000,000.
19	(B) 387 436	Outlays,
20	\$ 263, 236	,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2010:	~
22	(A) New budg	get authority,
23	\$ 2 75 , 558	,000,000.
24	(B)405 Z58	Outlays,
25	\$ 2 70,558	,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2011:	:
2	(A) 43 New bydget	authority,
3	\$ 285 OH	_,000,000.
4	(B) 421 411	Outlays,
5	\$ 2 75 011	_,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2012:	
7	(A) 4 50 New 56 budget	authority,
8		_,000,000.
9	(B) 434 561	Outlays,
10	\$ 275, 46t	_,000,000.
11	(19) Allowances (920):	
12	Fiscal year 2008:	
13	(A) New 430 budget	authority,
14	\$ 370, 5 21	_,000,000.
15	(B) 5 544	Outlays,
16	\$ 3 70,421	_,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2009:	
18	(A) _ 11 New 795 udget	authority,
19	\$ 388 836	_,000,000.
20	(B)-6 242	Outlays,
21	\$ 387, 436	, 000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2010:	
23	(A)_5 New_09 budget	authority,
24	\$ 410 , 258	_,000,000.

1	(B) - 6 972 Outlays,
2	\$ 405,258,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2011:
4	(A) New budget authority,
5	\$ 431, 411,,000,000.
6	(B), -3 007 Outlays,
7	\$ 421, 411 ,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2012: 467
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$ <u>450,561</u> ,000,000.
11	(B) 286 Outlays,
12	\$ 434,561,000,000
13	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
13 14	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950): Fiscal year 2008:
14	Fiscal year 2008:
14 15	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority,
14 15 16	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority, \$
14 15 16 17	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority, \$ - 7 \ , 009 ,000,000. (B) Outlays,
14 15 16 17 18	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority, \$ - 7 \ , 009 ,000,000. (B) Outlays, \$ - 7 \ , 009 ,000,000. Fiscal year 2009: (A) New budget authority,
14 15 16 17 18	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority, \$ - 7 \ , 009 ,000,000. (B) Outlays, \$ -7 \ , 009 ,000,000. Fiscal year 2009:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority, \$
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Fiscal year 2008: (A) New budget authority, \$

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$_71,869_,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays,
4	\$ <u>-71,869</u> ,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2011:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$ <u>-69</u> , 623,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays,
9	\$ -69,643 _{,000,000}
10	Fiscal year 2012:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$ - 72, 789 , 000,000.
13	(B) Outlays,
14	* -72 , 792 ,000,000.
15	TITLE II—RECONCILIATION
16	SEC. 201. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENT-
17	ATIVES.
18	(a) Submission to Provide for the Reform of
19	MANDATORY SPENDING.—(1) Not later than June 8,
20	2007, the House committees named in paragraph (2) shall
21	submit their recommendations to the House Committee on
22	the Budget. After receiving those recommendations, the
23	House Committee on the Budget shall report to the House
24	a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations
25	without substantive revision.

1		(2) Instructions.—
2		(A) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.—The
3		House Committee on Agriculture shall report
4		changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient
5	,	to reduce direct spending by
6		\$, 452_,000,000 for fis-
. 7		cal year 2008,
8		\$
9	: •	cal year 2012, and
10		\$,849,000,000 for the
11		period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
12		(B) COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES.—
13		The House Committee on Armed Services shall
14		report changes in laws within its jurisdiction
15		sufficient to reduce direct spending by
16		\$
17		eal year 2008,
18		\$
19		cal year 2012, and
20		\$, 410,000,000 for the
21		period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
22		(C) COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION ON
23		LABOR.—The House Committee on Education
24		and the Labor shall report changes in laws
25		within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct

1		spending by
2		\$3_,456,000,000 for fis-
3		cal year 2008,
4	A Sugar Sugar	\$, 400,000,000 for fis-
5		cal year 2012, and
6	4	\$
7		period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
8		(D) COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COM-
9	, ·	MERCE.—he House Committee on Energy and
10		Commerce shall report changes in laws within
11		its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spend-
12		ing by \$ <u>\$, 344,000</u> or fiscal
13		year 2008, \$ 30, 602,000 for
14	. :	fiscal year 2012, and
15	N	\$ 97, 359,000 for the period of
16		fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
17		(E) COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERV-
18	·.	ICES.—The House Committee on Financial
19		Services shall report changes in laws within its
20	•	jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending
21		by \$,
2122	. :	by \$,
	. 4	by \$

1 .	\$	400	_,000,000	for the
2	period of fiscal ye	ears 2008 th	rough 2012	
3	(F) COMM	ITTEE ON	FOREIGN	RELA-
4	TIONS.—The Ho	use Committ	ee on Fore	ign Re-
5	lations shall repo	ort changes	in laws wi	thin its
6	jurisdiction suffic	cient to redu	ce direct sp	pending
7	by \$	_, 20	0,000,	00 for
8	fiscal	year	· ·	2008,
9	\$	90	_,000,000	for fis-
10		r 20		
11	\$	250	_,000,000	for the
12	period of fiscal ye			
13	(G) Commit	TEE ON THE	JUDICIARY	.—The
14	House Committe	e on the Jud	liciary shall	report
15	changes in laws	within its jur	risdiction su	ıfficient
16	to reduce		spending	-
17	\$	265	_,000,000	for fis-
18	cal	year		2008,
19	\$	010	_,000,000	for fis-
20	cal year		012,	
21	\$3_,	515	_,000,000	for the
22	period of fiscal ye	ears 2008 th	rough 2012	
23	(H) Com	HTTEE ON	NATURA	L RE-
24	SOURCES.—The	House Com	mittee on	Natural
25	Resources shall	report chang	ges in laws	within

1.	its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spend-
2	ing by \$
3	for fiscal year 2008,
4	\$, 535_,000,000 for fis-
5	cal year 2012, and
6	\$ 4,647_,000,000 for the
7	period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
8	(I) COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND
9	INFRASTRUCTURE.—The House Committee on
10	Transportation and Infrastructure shall report
11	changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient
12	to reduce direct spending by
13	\$, 460_,000,000 for fis-
14	cal year 2008,
15	\$1,063,000,000 for fis-
16	cal year 2012, and
17	\$4, 272,000,000 for the
18	period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
19	(J) COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.—
20	The House Committee on Ways and Means
21	shall report changes in laws within its jurisdic-
22	tion sufficient to reduce direct spending by
23	\$
24	cal year 2008,
25	\$\$

1	cal year 2012, and
2	\$ 153, 122,000,000 for the
3	period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012, suffi-
4	cient to reduce revenues by not more than
5	\$ 48, 912,000,000 for fis-
6	cal year 2008 and by not more than
7	\$ 447, 221,000,000 for the
8	period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.
9	(b) Submission of Revised Allocations.—(1)
10	Upon the submission to the Committee on the Budget of
11	the House of a recommendation that has complied with
12	its reconciliation instructions solely by virtue of section
13	310(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the
14	chairman of that committee may file with the House ap-
15	propriately revised allocations under section 302(a) of
16	such Act and revised functional levels and aggregates.
17	(2) Upon the submission to the House of a con-
18	ference report recommending a reconciliation bill or
19	resolution in which a committee has complied with
20	its reconciliation instructions solely by virtue of this
21	section, the chairman of the Committee on the
22	Budget of the House may file with the House appro-
23	priately revised allocations under section 302(a) of
24	such Act and revised functional levels and aggre-
25	gates.

1 (3) Allocations and aggregates revised pursuant
2 to this subsection shall be considered to be alloca-
3 tions and aggregates established by the concurrent
4 resolution on the budget pursuant to section 301 of
5 such Act.
6 TITLE III—POLICY STATEMENTS
7 SEC. 301. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS ON
8 TAXATION.
9 The United States Congress reaffirms the statement
10 of principle that the Federal Government should not raise
11 taxes on American families or reverse the policies that
12 have led to strong growth in the United States economy,
13 and instead should move towards balancing the budget by
14 reigning in the Federal Government's spending; it is fur-
15 ther the policy assumption underlying this resolution that
16 the tax relief enacted in 2001 and 2003 should be contin-
17 ued.
18 SEC. 302. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS ON
19 ENTITLEMENT SPENDING.
20 (a) FINDINGS.—
21 (1) Entitlement growth is unsustainable. Enti-
tlements are currently growing at 6 percent per
yearsignificantly faster than our entire economy, and
24 more than twice the rate of inflation.

1	(2) Entitlements currently consume more than
2	half of the entire Federal budget. If simply left on
3.	"auto-pilot" (assuming no new entitlement spending
4	or benefits):
5	(A) By 2015 in less than a decade
.6	(B) By 2040 social security, medicare, and
7	medicaid alone will consume 20 percent of our
8	economy
9.	(C) By 2040 Americans will have to pay
10	twice the current rate of taxes
11	(3) Entitlements must be reformed to survive
12.	with the retirement of the baby boomers, the situa-
13	tion will only get worse, making the necessary re-
14	forms more sudden and severe.
15	(4) Entitlements aren't all that's at risk. If left
16	unreformed, these programs will also impose a
17	crushing burden on both the budget and the econ-
18	omy. Our now strong economy, which has created
19	millions of jobs and been the key factor in reducing
20	the deficit. Entitlements will eventually crowd out all
21	other priorities such as education, veterans, science,
22	agriculture, environment, even defense and homeland
23	security.
24	(5) The rising costs of government entitlements
25	are a "fiscal cancer" that threaten "catastrophic

1	consequences for our country" and could "ban	krupt
2	America" said America's chief accountant,	U.S.
3	Comptroller General David Walker.	
4	(6) Without "early and meaningful actio	n" to
5	address the rapid growth of entitlements, "the	U.S.
6	economy could be seriously weakened, with f	uture
7	generations bearing much of the cost" warned	l Fed
8	Chairman Ben Bernanke.	
9	(7) Spending is the problem. Massive	Tax
10	Hikes are Not the Solution. Even if taxes are 1	aised
11	to balance the budget in the short term, entitles	nents
12	would quickly drive the Federal Government	back
13	into deficit.	
14	(8) The U.S. Comptroller General testified	that
15	the United States Government "cannot grow	[its]
16	way out of this problem; eliminating earmark	s will
17	not solve the problem; wiping out fraud, waste	, and
18	abuse will not solve the problem; ending the w	ar or
19	cutting way back on defense will not solve the	prob-
20	lem".	
21	(9) The budget must drive entitlement re	form.
22	Entitlement programs are well-intended, and pr	ovide
23	a critical safety net for millions of Americans	, but
24	their costs are out of control, and growing	worse
25	every yeartypically without regular reform or	con-

1	gressional oversight. Congress must use the budget
2	process to promote reforms that will make these pro-
.3	grams better, more efficient, and more sustainable
4	for the long term.
5	(b) POLICY ON ENTITLEMENTS.—It is the policy of
6	this resolution that Congress must immediately address
7	the out-of-control growth of entitlement spending that
8	may do substantial harm to the United States economy
9	and hurt the standard of living of future generations. Fur-
10	thermore, Congress must also commit itself to consider
11	during this fiscal year fundamental reform packages to se-
12	cure the long-term solvency of medicare, medicaid and so-
13	cial security.
14	SEC. 303. BONNEVILLE POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRA-
15	TION.
16	It is the policy of this resolution that it does not spe-
17	cifically assume any savings from the President's proposal
18	related to the Bonneville Power Marketing Administra-
19	tions and the Energy and Commerce Committee will deter-
20	mine its own policies subject to the applicable numerical
21	allocation limits and reconciliation directives.

1 TITLE IV—GENERAL BUDGET

2 **ENFORCEMENT**

- 3 SEC. 401. RESTRICTIONS ON ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) In the House, except as pro-
- 5 vided in subsection (b), an advance appropriation may not
- 6 be reported in a bill or joint resolution making a general
- 7 appropriation or continuing appropriation, and may not
- 8 be in order as an amendment thereto.
- 9 (2) Managers on the part of the House may not agree
- 10 to a Senate amendment that would violate paragraph (1)
- 11 unless specific authority to agree to the amendment first
- 12 is given by the House by a separate vote with respect
- 13 thereto.
- 14 (b) ADVANCE APPROPRIATION.—In the House, an
- 15 advance appropriation may be provided for the fiscal years
- 16 2009 and 2010 for programs, projects, activities, or ac-
- 17 counts identified in the joint explanatory statement of
- 18 managers accompanying this resolution under the heading
- 19 "Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations" in an
- 20 aggregate amount not to exceed \$23,565,000,000 in new
- 21 budget authority in each year.
- 22 (c) Definition.—In this section, the term "advance
- 23 appropriation" means any new budget authority provided
- 24 in a bill or joint resolution making general appropriations
- 25 or any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint

- 1 resolution making continuing appropriations for fiscal
- 2 year 2008 that first becomes available for any fiscal year
- 3 after 2008.
- 4 SEC. 402. CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS RELATED TO THE
- 5 GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM AND FOR UN-
- 6 ANTICIPATED DEFENSE NEEDS.
- 7 (a) EXEMPTION OF CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS RE-
- 8 LATED TO THE GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM AND FOR
- 9 UNANTICIPATED DEFENSE NEEDS.—In the House, if any
- 10 bill or joint resolution is reported, or an amendment is
- 11 offered thereto or a conference report is filed thereon, that
- 12 makes appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for contingency
- 13 operations directly related to the global war on terrorism,
- 14 and other unanticipated defense-related operations, then
- 15 the new budget authority, new entitlement authority, out-
- 16 lays, or receipts resulting therefrom shall not count for
- 17 purposes of titles III or IV of the Congressional Budget
- 18 Act of 1974.
- 19 (b) CURRENT LEVEL—Amounts included in this res-
- 20 olution for the purpose set forth in this section shall be
- 21 considered to be current law for purposes of the prepara-
- 22 tion of the current level of budget authority and outlays
- 23 and the appropriate levels shall be adjusted upon the en-
- 24 actment of such bill.

1	SEC. 403. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-
.2.	CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
3	(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations
4	and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall
5	(1) apply while that measure is under consider-
6	ation;
7,	(2) take effect upon the enactment of that
8	measure; and
.9	(3) be published in the Congressional Record as
10	soon as practicable.
11	(b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AG-
12	GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
13	from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
14	poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
15	tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.
16	(c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For
17	purposes of this resolution
18	(1) the levels of new budget authority, outlays,
19	direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues,
20	deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of
21	fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of esti-
22	mates made by the appropriate Committee on the
23	Budget; and
24	(2) such chairman may make any other nec-
25	essary adjustments to such levels to reflect the tim-

1	ing of responses to reconciliation directives pursuant
2	to section 201 of this resolution.
3	SEC. 404. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-
4	CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.
5	Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution pro-
6	viding for a change in concepts or definitions, the appro-
7	priate chairman of the Committee on the Budget shall
8	make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this res-
.9	olution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced
10	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as
11	in effect prior to September 30, 2002).
12	SEC. 405. COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 13301 OF THE BUDG-
13	ET ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1990.
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—In the House and the Senate, not-
15	withstanding section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional
16	Budget Act of 1974 and section 13301 of the Budget En-
17	forcement Act of 1990, the joint explanatory statement
18	accompanying the conference report on any concurrent
19	resolution on the budget shall include in its allocation
20	under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of
21	1974 to the Committee on Appropriations amounts for the
22	discretionary administrative expenses of the Social Secu-
23	rity Administration.
24	(b) SPECIAL RULE.—In the House, for purposes of
25	applying section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act

	42
1	of 1974, estimates of the level of total new budget author-
2	ity and total outlays provided by a measure shall include
3	any discretionary amounts provided for the Social Security
4	Administration.
5	SEC. 406. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.
6	Congress adopts the provisions of this title—
7	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
8	the Senate and the House, respectively, and as such
9	they shall be considered as part of the rules of each
10	House, or of that House to which they specifically
11	apply, and such rules shall supersede other rules
12	only to the extent that they are inconsistent there-
13	with; and
14	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
15	right of either House to change those rules (so far
16	as they relate to that House) at any time, in the
17,	same manner, and to the same extent as in the case
18	of any other rule of that House.
19	SEC. 407. ADJUSTMENTS FOR TAX LEGISLATION.
20	In the House, if the Committee on Ways and Means
21	reports a bill or joint resolution, or an amendment is of-
22	fered thereto or a conference report is submitted thereon,
23	that amends the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 by ex-

tending the expiration dates for Federal tax policies that

25 expired during fiscal year 2008 or that expire during the

- 1 period of fiscal years 2008 through 2012, then the chair-
- 2 man of the Committee on the Budget may make appro-
- 3 priate adjustments in the allocations and aggregates of
- 4 budget authority, outlays, and revenue set forth in this
- 5 resolution to reflect the budgetary effects of such legisla-
- 6 tion, but only to the extent the adjustments would not
- 7 cause the level of revenue to be less than the level of rev-
- 8 enue provided for in this resolution for the period of fiscal
- 9 years 2008 through 2012 and would not cause the deficit
- 10 to exceed the appropriate level of deficits provided for in
- 11 this resolution for the period of fiscal years 2008 through
- 12 2012.
- 13 SEC. 408. REPEAL OF THE GEPHARDT RULE.
- 14 With respect to the adoption by the Congress of a
- 15 concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008,
- 16 the clerk of the House shall not prepare an engrossment
- 17 of a joint resolution increasing or decreasing, as the case
- 18 may be, the statutory limit on the public debt.
- 19 SEC. 409. BUDGET COMPLIANCE STATEMENTS.
- 20 Each report of a committee on a public bill or public
- 21 joint resolution shall contain a budget compliance state-
- 22 ment prepared by the chairman of the Committee on the
- 23 Budget, if timely submitted prior to the filing of the re-
- 24 port, which shall include assessment by such chairman as
- 25 to whether the bill or joint resolution complies with the

- 1 requirements of sections 302, 303, 306, 311, and 401 of
- 2 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.
- 3 SEC. 410. COST ESTIMATES FOR CONFERENCE REPORTS
- 4 AND UNREPORTED MEASURES.
- 5 It shall not be in order to consider a conference re-
- 6 port or an unreported bill or joint resolution unless an
- 7 estimate of costs as described in clause 3(d)(2) of Rule
- 8 XIII has been printed in the Congressional Record at least
- 9 one day before its consideration.
- 10 SEC. 411. ROLL CALL VOTES FOR NEW SPENDING.
- The yeas and nays shall be considered as ordered
- 12 when the Speaker puts the question on passage of a bill
- 13 or joint resolution, or on adoption of a conference report,
- 14 for which the chairman of the Budget Committee has ad-
- 15 vised the Speaker that such bill, joint resolution or con-
- 16 ference report authorizes or provides new budget authority
- 17 of not less than \$50,000,000. The Speaker may not enter-
- 18 tain a unanimous consent request or motion to suspend
- 19 this section.
- 20 SEC. 412. BUDGET PROCESS REFORM.
- 21 Before September 30, 2007, the chairman or ranking
- 22 minority member of the Committee on the Budget of the
- 23 House of Representatives shall introduce, and the com-
- 24 mittee shall conduct hearings on, budget reform legislation
- 25 that includes the following provisions:

1	(1) Statutory discretionary spending limits.
2	(2) Provisions to slow the growth of entitlement
3	spending by requiring offsets for new benefits, and
4	examining programs with annual increases higher
5	than the rate of inflation.
6	(3) Presidential legislative line item veto au
7.	thority that preserves Congress' constitutional power
8	of the purse by requiring an expedited up or down
9	vote on the President's proposals.
10	(4) Enforcement tools that restrict the defini-
11	tion of "emergency" so that emergency supplementa
12	appropriation bills include only needs that are sud-
13	den, urgent, unforeseen, unpredictable, unantici-
14	pated, and temporary in nature.
15	(5) Accrual accounting of the Government's
16	long-term obligations.
17	(6) Periodic reporting from the Government Ac-
18	countability Office that examine the causes of long-
19	term deficits and present options to reduce these
20	deficits.
21	(7) Annual audit summaries from the Federal
22	Accounting Standards Advisory Board for all depart
23	ments of the Government that represent more than
24	20 percent of discretionary spending, with rec-

1	ommendations on how to improve the quality of fi-
2	nancial information available to Congress.
3	SEC. 413. TREASURY DEPARTMENT STUDY AND REPORT.
4	(a) REQUEST.—Not later than June 1, 2007, the
5	chairman or ranking member of the Committee on the
6	Budget of the House of Representatives shall submit a re-
7	quest to the Secretary of the Treasury for a study of the
8	impact of the current United States tort system on global
9	competition and gross domestic product (GDP) growth.
0	(b) Submission of Study.—The results of the
1	study described in subsection (a) shall be submitted by
12	the Secretary of the Treasury to the Committee on the
13	Budget of the House of Representatives not later than
4	September 30, 2007.
.5	SEC. 414. ASSISTANCE BY FEDERAL AGENCIES TO STAND
6	ING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE AND THE
17	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
8	(a) Information Regarding Agency Appropria-
9	TIONS REQUESTS.—To assist each standing committee of
20	the House of Representatives and the Senate in carrying
21	out its responsibilities, the chairman of each authorizing
22	committee of the House and Senate shall request the head
23	of each Federal agency which administers the laws or

24 parts of laws under the jurisdiction of such committee, to

- 1 provide to such committee such studies, information, anal-
- 2 yses, reports, and assistance.
- 3 (b) Information Regarding Agency Program
- 4 ADMINISTRATION.—To assist each standing committee of
- 5 the House of Representatives and the Senate in carrying
- 6 out its responsibilities, the chairman of each authorizing
- 7 committee of the House and Senate shall request of the
- 8 head of any agency under his committee's jurisdiction, to
- 9 furnish to such committee documentation, containing in-
- 10 formation received, compiled, or maintained by the agency
- 11 as part of the operation or administration of a program,
- 12 or specifically compiled pursuant to a request in support
- 13 of a review of a program, as may be requested by the
- 14 chairman and ranking minority member of such com-
- 15 mittee.
- 16 (c) SUMMARIES BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL.—With-
- 17 in thirty days after the receipt of a request from a chair-
- 18 man and ranking minority member of a standing com-
- 19 mittee having jurisdiction over a program being reviewed
- 20 and studied by such committee under this section, the
- 21 Comptroller General of the United States shall furnish to
- 22 such committee summaries of any audits or reviews of
- 23 such program which the Comptroller General has com-
- 24 pleted during the preceding six years.

1 (d) CONGRESSIONAL ASSISTANCE.—Consistent with
2 their duties and functions under law, the Comptroller Gen
3 eral of the United States, the Director of the Congres
4 sional Budget Office, and the Director of the Congres-
5 sional Research Service shall continue to furnish (con-
6 sistent with established protocols) to each standing com-
7 mittee of the House of Representatives or the Senate such
8 information, studies, analyses, and reports as the chair-
9 man and ranking minority member may request to assist
10 the committee in conducting reviews and studies of pro-
11 grams under this section.
10 miles and design the second
12 SEC. 415. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF THE NATIONAL
12 SEC. 415. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF THE NATIONAL 13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM.
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM.
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations 15 and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation direc-
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations 15 and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation direc- 16 tives established by this resolution, and for any other pur-
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations 15 and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation direc- 16 tives established by this resolution, and for any other pur- 17 pose under titles III and IV of the Congressional Budget
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations 15 and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation direc- 16 tives established by this resolution, and for any other pur- 17 pose under titles III and IV of the Congressional Budget 18 Act of 1974, the budgetary effects of any bill or joint reso-
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations 15 and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation direc- 16 tives established by this resolution, and for any other pur- 17 pose under titles III and IV of the Congressional Budget 18 Act of 1974, the budgetary effects of any bill or joint reso- 19 lution, amendment thereto, or conference report thereon,
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation directives established by this resolution, and for any other purpose under titles III and IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution, amendment thereto, or conference report thereon, or any recommendations submitted pursuant to section
13 FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM. 14 (a) TREATMENT.—For purposes of the allocations 15 and aggregates in this resolution, the reconciliation direc- 16 tives established by this resolution, and for any other pur- 17 pose under titles III and IV of the Congressional Budget 18 Act of 1974, the budgetary effects of any bill or joint reso- 19 lution, amendment thereto, or conference report thereon, 20 or any recommendations submitted pursuant to section 21 201 that includes the reforms set forth in subsection (b)

25 Insurance Fund's remaining contractual obligations re-

1	sulting from claims made as a result of floods that oc-
2	curred in 2005.
3	(b) LEGISLATION.—The legislation referred to in
4	subsection (a) shall—
5	(1) establish more actuarially sound rates on
6	policies issued by the National Flood Insurance Pro-
7	gram; and
8	(2) end flood insurance subsidies on pre-FIRM
9	structures not used as primary residences.
10	TITLE V—EMERGENCY RESERVE
11	FUND
12	SEC. 501. NONDEFENSE RESERVE FUND FOR EMER-
13	GENCIES.
14	(a) Nondefense Set Aside.—
15	(1) DISCRETIONARY SET ASIDE FUND.—In the
16	House and except as provided by subsection (b), if
17	a bill or joint resolution is reported, or an amend-
18	ment is offered thereto (or considered as adopted) or
19	a conference report is filed thereon, that provides
20	new discretionary budget authority (and outlays
21	flowing therefrom), and such provision is designated
22	as an emergency pursuant to this section, the chair-
23	man of the Committee on the Budget shall make ad-
24	justments to the allocations and aggregates set forth
25	in this resolution up to the amount of such provi-

1	sions if the requirements set forth in section 504 are
2	met, but the sum of all adjustments made under this
3	paragraph shall not exceed \$6,450,000,000 for fiscal
4	year 2008.
5	(2) OTHER ADJUSTMENTS.—In the House, if a
6	bill or joint resolution is reported or a conference re-
7	port is filed thereon, and a direct spending or receipt
8	provision included therein is designated as an emer-
9	gency pursuant to this paragraph, the chairman of
10	the Committee on the Budget may make adjust-
11	ments to the allocations and aggregates set forth in
12	this resolution.
13	(b) Additional Adjustment Procedures.—In
14	the House, before any adjustment is made pursuant to
15	this section for any bill, joint resolution, or conference re-
16	port that designates a provision an emergency, the enact-
17 [.]	ment of which would cause the total amount of the set
18	aside fund set forth in subsection (a)(1) for fiscal year
19	2008 to be exceeded:
20	(1) The chairman of the Committee on the
21	Budget shall convene a meeting of that committee,
22	where it shall be in order, subject to the terms set
23	forth in this section, for one motion described in
24	paragraph (2) to be made to authorize the chairman
25	to make adjustments above the maximum amount of

i		adjustments set forth in subsection (a). If the Chair-
2		man does not call such a meeting within 24 hours
3	•	of a committee reporting such a measure, any mem-
4		ber of the Committee may call such a meeting.
5		(2) The motion referred to in paragraph (1)
6		shall be in the following form: "I move that the
7		chairman of the Committee on the Budget be au-
8		thorized to adjust the allocations and aggregates set
9		forth in the concurrent resolution on the budget for
10		fiscal year 2008 by the following amount:
11		\$ for fiscal year 2008.", with the blank
12		being filled in with amount determined by the chair-
13		man of the Committee on the Budget. For any
14		measure referred to in subsection (a)(1), such
15		amount shall not exceed the total amount for fiscal
16		year 2008 designated as an emergency in excess of
17		the applicable amount remaining in the set aside
18		fund.
19		(3) The motion set forth in paragraph (2) shall
20		be open for debate and amendment, but any amend-
21		ment offered thereto is only in order if limited to
22		changing an amount in the motion.
23		(4) Except as provided by paragraph (5), the
24		chairman of the Committee on the Budget may not
25		make any adjustments under subsection (a) or sub-

1	section (b) unless or until the committee filing a re-
2	port or joint statement of managers on a conference
3	report on a measure including an emergency des-
4	ignation fulfills the terms set forth in section 504.
5	(5) The chairman of the Committee on the
6	Budget shall make any adjustments he deems nec-
7	essary under this section if he determines the enact-
8	ment of the provision or provisions designated as an
9	emergency is essential to respond to an urgent and
10	imminent need, the chairman determines the excep-
11	tional circumstances referred to in rule 3 of the
12	rules of the committee are met and the committee
13	cannot convene to consider the motion referred to in
14	this section in a timely fashion.
15	(c) APPLICATION OF ADJUSTMENTS.—The adjust-
16	ments made pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) shall
17	(1) apply while that bill, joint resolution, con-
18	ference report or amendment is under consideration;
19	(2) take effect upon the enactment of that leg-
20	islation; and
21	(3) be published in the Congressional Record as
22	soon as practicable.
23	SEC. 502. EMERGENCY CRITERIA.
24	As used in this title:

1	(1) The term "emergency" means a situation
2	that—
3	(A) requires new budget authority and out-
4	lays (or new budget authority and the outlays
5	flowing therefrom) for the prevention or mitiga-
6	tion of, or response to, loss of life or property,
7	or a threat to national security; and
8	(B) is unanticipated.
9	(2) The term "unanticipated" means that the
10	underlying situation is—
11	(A) Sudden, which means quickly coming
12	into being or not building up over time;
13	(B) Urgent, which means a pressing and
14	compelling need requiring immediate action;
15	(C) Unforeseen, which means not predicted
16	or anticipated as an emerging need; and
17	(D) Temporary, which means not of a per-
18	manent duration.
19	SEC. 503. DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDELINES FOR APPLICA-
20	TION OF EMERGENCY DEFINITION.
21	In the House, as soon as practicable after the adop-
22	tion of this resolution, the chairman of the Committee on
23	the Budget shall, after consultation with the chairmen of
24	the applicable committees, the Ranking Member of the
25	Committee on the Budget, and the Director of the Con-

- 1 gressional Budget Office, prepare additional guidelines for
- 2 application of the definition of an emergency and shall
- 3 issue a committee print from the Committee on the Budg-
- 4 et for this purpose.
- 5 SEC. 504. COMMITTEE NOTIFICATION OF EMERGENCY LEG-
- 6 ISLATION.
- 7 (a) COMMITTEE NOTIFICATION.—Whenever a com-
- 8 mittee of the House (including a committee of conference)
- 9 reports any bill or joint resolution that includes a provision
- 10 designated as an emergency pursuant to this title, the re-
- 11 port accompanying that bill or joint resolution (or the joint
- 12 explanatory statement of managers in the case of a con-
- 13 ference report on any such bill or joint resolution) shall
- 14 identify all provisions that provide amounts designated as
- 15 an emergency and shall provide an explanation of the
- 16 manner in which the provision meets the criteria set forth
- 17 in section 502.
- 18 (b) CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.—If such a measure is
- 19 to be considered by the House without being reported by
- 20 the committee of jurisdiction, then the committee shall
- 21 cause the explanation to be published in the Congressional
- 22 Record as soon as practicable.
- 23 SEC. 505. UP-TO-DATE TABULATIONS.
- 24 The Committee on the Budget of the House shall
- 25 publish in the Congressional Record up-to-date tabulations

- 1 of amounts remaining in the set aside fund set forth in
- 2 section 501, or authorized in excess thereof, as soon as
- 3 practicable after the enactment of such amounts des-
- 4 ignated as emergencies.

5 TITLE VI—LEGISLATIVE LINE

6 ITEM VETO AUTHORITY

- 7 SEC. 601. PRESIDENTIAL RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 8 (a) Proposed Cancellations.—If, within 45 cal-
- 9 endar days after the enactment of any bill or joint resolu-
- 10 tion providing any discretionary budget authority, item of
- 11 direct spending, limited tariff benefit, or targeted tax ben-
- 12 efit, the President proposes, in the manner provided in
- 13 subsection (b), the cancellation of any dollar amount of
- 14 such discretionary budget authority, item of direct spend-
- 15 ing, or targeted tax benefit, such recommendation shall
- 16 be introduced as a freestanding measure consistent with
- 17 the terms of this title and shall be eligible for the expe-
- 18 dited procedures set forth herein. If the 45 calendar-day
- 19 period expires during a period where either House of Con-
- 20 gress stands adjourned sine die at the end of a Congress
- 21 or for a period greater than 45 calendar days, the Presi-
- 22 dent may propose a cancellation under this section and
- 23 transmit a special message under subsection (b) on the
- 24 first calendar day of session following such a period of
- 25 adjournment.

1	(b) Transmittal of Special Message.—
2	(1) Special message.—
3	(A) CONTENTS OF SPECIAL MESSAGE.—
4	Each special message shall specify, with respect
5	to the discretionary budget authority, items of
6	direct spending proposed, limited tariff benefits,
7.	or targeted tax benefits to be canceled—
8	(i) the dollar amount of discretionary
9;	budget authority, the specific item of direct
10	spending (that OMB, after consultation
11	with CBO, estimates to increase budget
12	authority or outlays as required by section
13	1017(9)), the limited tariff benefit, or the
14	targeted tax benefit that the President pro-
15.	poses be canceled;
16	(ii) any account, department, or es-
17	tablishment of the Government to which
18	such discretionary budget authority is
19	available for obligation, and the specific
20,	project or governmental functions involved;
21	(iii) the reasons why such discre-
22	tionary budget authority, item of direct
23	spending, limited tariff benefit, or targeted
24	tax benefit should be canceled:

1	(iv) to the maximum extent prac-
2	ticable, the estimated fiscal, economic, and
3	budgetary effect (including the effect on
4	outlays and receipts in each fiscal year) of
5	the proposed cancellation;
6	(v) to the maximum extent prac-
7	ticable, all facts, circumstances, and con-
8	siderations relating to or bearing upon the
9	proposed cancellation and the decision to
10	propose the cancellation, and the estimated
11	effect of the proposed cancellation upon
12	the objects, purposes, or programs for
13	which the discretionary budget authority,
14	item of direct spending, limited tariff ben-
15	efit, or the targeted tax benefit is provided;
16	(vi) a numbered list of cancellations to
17	be included in an approval bill that, if en-
18	acted, would cancel discretionary budget
19	authority, items of direct spending, limited
20	tariff benefit, or targeted tax benefits pro-
21	posed in that special message; and
22	(vii) if the special message is trans-
23	mitted subsequent to or at the same time
24	as another special message, a detailed ex-
25	planation why the proposed cancellations

1	are not substantially similar to any other
2: /	proposed cancellation in such other mes-
:3.	sage.
4 .	(C) DUPLICATIVE PROPOSALS PROHIB-
5	ITED.—The President may not propose to can-
6	cel the same or substantially similar discre-
7	tionary budget authority, item of direct spend-
8 (**)	ing, limited tariff benefit, or targeted tax ben-
92 :	efit more than one time under this Act.
10	(D) MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SPECIAL MES-
11	SAGES.—The President may not transmit to the
12	Congress more than 5 special messages under
13	this subsection related to any bill or joint reso-
14	lution described in subsection (a), but may
15	transmit not more than 10 special messages for
16	any omnibus budget reconciliation or appropria-
17	tion measure.
18	(2) ENACTMENT OF APPROVAL BILL.—
19	(A) DEFICIT REDUCTION.—Amounts of
20	budget authority, items of direct spending, lim-
21	ited tariff benefit, or targeted tax benefits
22	which are canceled pursuant to enactment of a
23	bill as provided under this section shall be dedi-
24	cated only to reducing the deficit or increasing
25	the surplus

1	(B) Adjustment of Levels in the con-
2	CURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET.—Not
3	later than 5 days after the date of enactment
4	of an approval bill as provided under this sec-
5	tion, the chairs of the Committees on the Budg-
6	et of the Senate and the House of Representa-
7	tives shall revise allocations and aggregates and
8	other appropriate levels under the appropriate
9	concurrent resolution on the budget to reflect
10	the cancellation, and the applicable committees
11	shall report revised suballocations pursuant to
12	section 302(b), as appropriate.
13	(C) Trust funds and special funds.—
14	Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), nothing in
15	this title shall be construed to require or allow
16	the deposit of amounts derived from a trust
17	fund or special fund which are canceled pursu-
18	ant to enactment of a bill as provided under
19	this section to any other fund.
20	SEC. 602. PROCEDURES IN UNITED STATES CONGRESS.
21	(a) Expedited Consideration.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—The majority leader or mi-
23	nority leader of each House or his designee shall (by
24	request) introduce an approval bill as defined in sec-
25	tion 1017 not later than the third day of session of

1	that House after the date of receipt of a special mes-
2	sage transmitted to the Congress under section
3	1011(b). If the bill is not introduced as provided in
4	the preceding sentence in either House, then, on the
5	fourth day of session of that House after the date
6	of receipt of the special message, any Member of
7	that House may introduce the bill.
8	(2) Consideration in the house of rep-
9	RESENTATIVES.—
10	(A) REFERRAL AND REPORTING.—Any
11	committee of the House of Representatives to
12	which an approval bill is referred shall report it
13	to the House without amendment not later than
14	the seventh legislative day after the date of its
15	introduction. If a committee fails to report the
. 16	bill within that period or the House has adopt-
17	ed a concurrent resolution providing for ad-
18.	journment sine die at the end of a Congress,
19	such committee shall be automatically dis-
20	charged from further consideration of the bill
21	and it shall be placed on the appropriate cal-
22	endar.
23	(B) Proceeding to consideration.—
24	After an approval bill is reported by or dis-
25	charged from committee or the House has

(C) Considered as read. All points of order against an approval bill and against its consideration are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on an approval bill to its passage without intervening motion except five hours of debate equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent and one motion to limit debate on the bill. A motion

1	to reconsider the vote on passage of the bill
2	shall not be in order.
3	(D) SENATE BILL.—An approval bill re-
4	ceived from the Senate shall not be referred to
5	committee.
6	(3) Consideration in the senate.—
7	(A) MOTION TO PROCEED TO CONSIDER-
8	ATION.—A motion to proceed to the consider-
9	ation of a bill under this subsection in the Sen-
10	ate shall not be debatable. It shall not be in
11	order to move to reconsider the vote by which
12	the motion to proceed is agreed to or disagreed
13	to.
14	(B) LIMITS ON DEBATE.—Debate in the
15	Senate on a bill under this subsection, and all
16	debatable motions and appeals in connection
17	therewith (including debate pursuant to sub-
18	paragraph (D)), shall not exceed 10 hours,
19	equally divided and controlled in the usual
20	form.
21	(C) APPEALS.—Debate in the Senate on
22	any debatable motion or appeal in connection
23	with a bill under this subsection shall be limited
24	to not more than 1 hour, to be equally divided
25	and controlled in the usual form

1	(D) MOTION TO LIMIT DEBATE.—A motion
2	in the Senate to further limit debate on a bill
3	under this subsection is not debatable.
4	(E) MOTION TO RECOMMIT.—A motion to
5	recommit a bill under this subsection is not in
6	order.
7	(F) Consideration of the house
8	BILL.—
9	(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Senate has
10	received the House companion bill to the
11	bill introduced in the Senate prior to the
12	vote required under paragraph (1)(C), then
13	the Senate may consider, and the vote
14	under paragraph (1)(C) may occur on, the
15	House companion bill.
16	(ii) PROCEDURES AFTER VOTE ON
17	SENATE BILL.—If the Senate votes, pursu-
18	ant to paragraph (1)(C), on the bill intro-
19	duced in the Senate, then immediately fol-
20	lowing that vote, or upon receipt of the
21	House companion bill, the House bill shall
22	be deemed to be considered, read the third
23	time, and the vote on passage of the Sen-
24	ate bill shall be considered to be the vote
25	on the bill received from the House.

•
1 (b) AMENDMENTS PROHIBITED.—No amendment to,
2 or motion to strike a provision from, a bill considered
3 under this section shall be in order in either the Senate
4 or the House of Representatives.
5 SEC. 603. IDENTIFICATION OF TARGETED TAX BENEFITS.
6 (a) STATEMENT.—The chairman of the Committee
7 on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and
8 the chairman of the Committee on Finance of the Senate
9 acting jointly (hereafter in this subsection referred to as
10 "the chairmen" shall review any revenue or reconciliation
11 bill or joint resolution which includes any amendment to
12 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that is being prepared
13 for filing by a committee of conference of the two Houses,
14 and shall identify whether such bill or joint resolution con-
15 tains any targeted tax benefits. The chairmen shall pro-
16 vide to the committee of conference a statement identi-
17 fying any such targeted tax benefits or declaring that the
18 bill or joint resolution does not contain any targeted tax
19 benefits. Any such statement shall be made available to
20 any Member of Congress by the chairmen immediately
21 upon request.
22 (b) STATEMENT INCLUDED IN LEGISLATION.—
23 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
rule of the House of Representatives or any rule or
25 precedent of the Senate, any revenue or reconcili-

1	ation bill or joint resolution which includes any
2	amendment to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
3 .	reported by a committee of conference of the two
4	Houses may include, as a separate section of such
5	bill or joint resolution, the information contained in
6 .	the statement of the chairmen, but only in the man-
7	ner set forth in paragraph (2).
8 .	(2) APPLICABILITY.—The separate section per-
9 .	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall read as follows:
10	"Section 1021 of the Congressional Budget and Im-
11	poundment Control Act of 1974 shall
12.	apply to,,000,000",
13	with the blank spaces being filled in with—
14	(A) in any case in which the chairmen
15	identify targeted tax benefits in the statement
16	required under subsection (a), the word "only"
l 7 ·	in the first blank space and a list of all of the
18	specific provisions of the bill or joint resolution
19.	in the second blank space; or
20	(B) in any case in which the chairmen de-
21	clare that there are no targeted tax benefits in
22.	the statement required under subsection (a),
23	the word "not" in the first blank space and the
24	phrase "any provision of this Act" in the sec-
25	ond blank space.

1	(e) IDENTIFICATION IN REVENUE ESTIMATE.—With
2	respect to any revenue or reconciliation bill or joint resolu-
3	tion with respect to which the chairmen provide a state-
4	ment under subsection (a), the Joint Committee on Tax-
5	ation shall—
6	(1) in the case of a statement described in sub-
7	section (b)(2)(A), list the targeted tax benefits in
8	any revenue estimate prepared by the Joint Com-
9	mittee on Taxation for any conference report which
10	accompanies such bill or joint resolution, or
11	(2) in the case of a statement described in sec-
12	tion 13(b)(2)(B), indicate in such revenue estimate
13	that no provision in such bill or joint resolution has
14	been identified as a targeted tax benefit.
15	(d) President's Authority.—If any revenue or
16	reconciliation bill or joint resolution is signed into law-
17	(1) with a separate section described in sub-
18	section (b)(2), then the President may use the au-
19	thority granted in this section only with respect to
20	any targeted tax benefit in that law, if any, identi-
21.	fied in such separate section; or
22	(2) without a separate section described in sub-
23	section (b)(2), then the President may use the au-
24	thority granted in this section with respect to any
25	targeted tax benefit in that law.

Ι,	SEC. 604. ADDITIONAL MATTERS.
2	(a) DEFINITIONS.—
3	(1) APPROPRIATION LAW.—The term "appro-
4	priation law" means an Act referred to in section
5	105 of title I, United States Code, including any
6	general or special appropriation Act, or any Act
7	making supplemental, deficiency, or continuing ap-
8	propriations, that has been signed into law pursuant
9	to Article I, section 7, of the Constitution of the
10	United States.
11	(2) APPROVAL BILL.—The term "approval bill"
12	means a bill or joint resolution which only approves
13	proposed cancellations of dollar amounts of discre-
14	tionary budget authority, items of new direct spend-
15	ing, limited tariff benefits, or targeted tax benefits
16	in a special message transmitted by the President
17	under this part and—
18	(A) the title of which is as follows: "A bill
19	approving the proposed cancellations trans-
20	mitted by the President on", the
21	blank space being filled in with the date of
22	transmission of the relevant special message
23	and the public law number to which the mes-
24	sage relates;
25	(B) which does not have a preamble; and

1	(C) which provides only the following after
2	the enacting clause: That the Congress ap-
3.4	proves of proposed cancellations, the
4	blank space being filled in with a list of the
5 ** *********************************	cancellations contained in the President's spe-
6	cial message, as transmitted by the President in
7	a special message on, the blank space
8 - 44 - 41 - 4	being filled in with the appropriate date, re-
9	garding, the blank space being filled
10	in with the Public Law number to which the
11	special message relates;
12	(D) which only includes proposed cancella-
13	tions that are estimated by CBO to meet the
14	definition of discretionary budgetary authority
15	or items of direct spending, or limited tariff
16	benefits, or that are identified as targeted tax
17	benefits pursuant to section 1014;
18	(E) if any proposed cancellation other than
19	discretionary budget authority or targeted tax
20	benefits is estimated by CBO to not meet the
21	definition of item of direct spending, then the
22	approval bill shall include at the end: The
23	President shall cease the suspension of the im-
24	plementation of the following under section
25	1013 of the Legislative Line Item Veto Act of

1	2006:, the blank space being filled in
2	with the list of such proposed cancellations; and
3	(F) if no CBO estimate is available, then
4	the entire list of legislative provisions proposed
5	by the President is inserted in the second blank
6	space in subparagraph (C).
7	(3) CALENDAR DAY.—The term "calendar day"
8	means a standard 24-hour period beginning at mid-
9	night.
10	(4) CANCEL OR CANCELLATION.—The terms
11	"cancel" or "cancellation" means to prevent-
12	(A) budget authority from having legal
13	force or effect;
14	(B) in the case of entitlement authority, to
15	prevent the specific legal obligation of the
16	United States from having legal force or effect;
17	(C) in the case of the food stamp program,
18	to prevent the specific provision of law that pro-
19	vides such benefit from having legal force or ef-
20	fect; or
21	(D) a limited tariff benefit from having
22	legal force or effect, and to make any necessary,
23	conforming statutory change to ensure that
24	such limited tariff benefit is not implemented;
25	or

1 (E) a targeted tax benefit from having
2 legal force or effect, and to make any necessary,
3 conforming statutory change to ensure that
4 such targeted tax benefit is not implemented
5 and that any budgetary resources are appro-
6 printely canceled.
7 (5) CBO.—The term "CBO" means the Direc-
8 tor of the Congressional Budget Office.
9 (6) Direct spending.—The term "direct
spending" means—
(A) budget authority provided by law
(other than an appropriation law);
(B) entitlement authority; and
(C) the food stamp program.
15 (7) DOLLAR AMOUNT OF DISCRETIONARY
BUDGET AUTHORITY.—(A) Except as provided in
subparagraph (B), the term "dollar amount of dis-
cretionary budget authority" means the entire dollar
amount of budget authority—
(i) specified in an appropriation law, or the
entire dollar amount of budget authority or ob-
ligation limitation required to be allocated by a
specific proviso in an appropriation law for
which a specific dollar figure was not included;

1		(ii) represented separately in any table,
2		chart, or explanatory text included in the state-
3		ment of managers or the governing committee
4		report accompanying such law;
5	· · ·	(iii) required to be allocated for a specific
6		program, project, or activity in a law (other
7.		than an appropriation law) that mandates the
8		expenditure of budget authority from accounts,
9	· · ·	programs, projects, or activities for which budg-
10	·	et authority is provided in an appropriation law;
11		(iv) represented by the product of the esti-
12	,	mated procurement cost and the total quantity
13		of items specified in an appropriation law or in-
14		cluded in the statement of managers or the gov-
15		erning committee report accompanying such
16.		law; or
17		(v) represented by the product of the esti-
18		mated procurement cost and the total quantity
19	÷ ; ; ; ; ;	of items required to be provided in a law (other
20		than an appropriation law) that mandates the
21	-	expenditure of budget authority from accounts,
22		programs, projects, or activities for which budg-
23	$v = (v_{k_1}, \dots, v_{k_n})$	et authority is provided in an appropriation law.
24		(B) The term "dollar amount of discre-
25		tionary budget authority" does not include—

1	(i) direct spending;
2	(ii) budget authority in an appropria-
3	tion law which funds direct spending pro-
4	vided for in other law;
5	(iii) any existing budget authority
6	canceled in an appropriation law; or
7	(iv) any restriction, condition, or limi-
8	tation in an appropriation law or the ac-
9.	companying statement of managers or
10	committee reports on the expenditure of
11	budget authority for an account, program,
12	project, or activity, or on activities involv-
13	ing such expenditure.
14	(8) ITEM OF DIRECT SPENDING.—The term
15	"item of direct spending" means any provision of
16	law that results in an increase in budget authority
17	or outlays for direct spending relative to the most
18	recent levels calculated consistent with the method-
19	ology used to calculate a baseline under section 257
20	of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-
21	trol Act of 1985 and included with a budget submis-
22	sion under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
23	Code, in the first year or the 5-year period for which
24	the item is effective. However, such item does not in-
25	clude an extension or reauthorization of existing di-

1.	rect spending, but instead only refers to provisions
2	of law that increase such direct spending.
3	(9) LIMITED TARIFF BENEFIT.—The term
4	"limited tariff benefit" means any provision of law
5	that modifies the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
6	United States in a manner that benefits 10 or fewer
7	entities (as defined in paragraph (12)(B)).
8	(10) OMB.—The term "OMB" means the Di-
9:	rector of the Office of Management and Budget.
0	(11) Omnibus reconciliation or appropria-
1	TION MEASURE.—The term "omnibus reconciliation"
12	or "appropriation measure" means—
13	(A) in the case of a reconciliation bill, any
14	such bill that is reported to its House by the
5	Committee on the Budget; or
16	(B) in the case of an appropriation meas-
17	ure, any such measure that provides appropria-
18	tions for programs, projects, or activities falling
19	within 2 or more section 302(b) suballocations.
20	(12) TARGETED TAX BENEFIT.—
21	(A) The "term targeted tax benefit" means
22	any revenue-losing provision that provides a
23	Federal tax deduction, credit, exclusion, or pref-
24	erence to ten or fewer beneficiaries (determined
25	with respect to either present law or any provi-

1	sion of which the provision is a part) under the
2	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 in any year for
3	which the provision is in effect;
4	(B) FOR PURPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH
5,	(A);
6	(i) all businesses and associations that
7	are members of the same controlled group
8	of corporations (as defined in section
9	1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
10,	1986) shall be treated as a single bene-
11,	ficiary;
12	(ii) all shareholders, partners, mem-
13	bers, or beneficiaries of a corporation,
14:	partnership, association, or trust or estate,
15	respectively, shall be treated as a single
16	beneficiary;
17	(iii) all employees of an employer shall
18 🚜 🕌	be treated as a single beneficiary;
19	(iv) all qualified plans of an employer
20	shall be treated as a single beneficiary;
21 .	(v) all beneficiaries of a qualified plan
22	shall be treated as a single beneficiary;
23	(vi) all contributors to a charitable or-
24	ganization shall be treated as a single ben-
25	eficiary;

1	(vii) all holders of the same bond
2	issue shall be treated as a single bene-
3.	ficiary; and
4	(viii) if a corporation, partnership, as-
5	sociation, trust or estate is the beneficiary
6	of a provision, the shareholders of the cor-
7	poration, the partners of the partnership,
8	the members of the association, or the
9	beneficiaries of the trust or estate shall not
10	also be treated as beneficiaries of such pro-
11	vision;
12	(C) For the purpose of this paragraph, the
13	term "revenue-losing provision" means any pro-
14	vision that is estimated to result in a reduction
15	in federal tax revenues (determined with respect
16	to either present law or any provision of which
17	the provision is a part) for any one of the two
18	following periods—
19	(i) the first fiscal year for which the
20	provision is effective; or
21	(ii) the period of the 5 fiscal years be-
22	ginning with the first fiscal year for which
23	the provision is effective;

1 (D) the "term targeted tax benefit" does
2 not include any provision which applies uni-
formly to an entire industry; and
4 (E) the terms used in this paragraph shall
5 have the same meaning as those terms have
6 generally in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
7 unless otherwise expressly provided.
8 SEC. 605. EXPIRATION.
9 This title shall have no force or effect on or after
10 October 1, 2012.
11 SEC. 606. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DEFERRAL AUTHORITY.
12 It is the sense of Congress that legislation providing
13 the authority to temporarily defer spending on proposed
14 rescissions should be enacted.
15 SEC. 607. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON ABUSE OF PROPOSED
16 CANCELLATIONS.
17 It is the sense of Congress that no President or any
18 executive branch official should condition the inclusion or
19 exclusion or threaten to condition the inclusion or exclu-
20 sion of any proposed cancellation in any special message
21 under this title upon any vote cast or to be cast by any
22 Member of either House of Congress.

1	TITLE VII—EARMARK
2	TRANSPARENCY
3	SEC. 701. PROHIBITION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS FOR
4	EARMARKS INCLUDED ONLY IN CONGRES-
5	SIONAL REPORTS.
6	(a) REQUIREMENT THAT EARMARKS MUST BE IN
7	LEGISLATIVE TEXT.—Notwithstanding any other rule of
8	the House, in addition to the requirements set forth in
9	clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Rep-
10	resentatives, it shall not be in order to consider any bill,
11	joint resolution, amendment thereto, or conference report
12	thereon, unless the list of congressional earmarks, limited
13	tax benefits, and limited tariff benefits, required by clause
14	9(a)of rule XXI are also set forth in the text of such meas-
15	ure.
16	(b) AVAILABILITY ON THE INTERNET.—Notwith-
17	standing any other rule of the House, in addition to the
18	requirements set forth in clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules
19	of the House of Representatives, it shall not be in order
20	to consider any bill, joint resolution, or conference report
21	thereon, unless the lists required by paragraphs (1), (2),
22	and (4) of clause 9 of rule XXI are made available on
23	the Internet in a searchable format to the general public
24	for at least 48 hours before consideration.

		TATAL TRANSPORT
C H.	7/11/7	DEFINITIONS.
	1 U Z .	

- 2 (a) CONGRESSIONAL EARMARK.—The term "congres-
- 3 sional earmark" means a provision or report language in-
- 4 cluded primarily at the request of a Member, Delegate,
- 5 Resident Commissioner, or Senator providing, authorizing
- 6 or recommending a specific amount of discretionary budg-
- 7 et authority, credit authority, or other spending authority
- 8 for a contract, loan, loan guarantee, grant, loan authority,
- 9 or other expenditure with or to an entity, or targeted to
- 10 a specific State, locality or Congressional district, other
- 11 than through a statutory or administrative formula-driven
- 12 or competitive award process.
- 13 (b) LIMITED BENEFITS.—
- 14 (1) LIMITED TARIFF BENEFIT.—The term
- 15 "limited tariff benefit" means any provision of law
- that modifies the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
- 17 United States in a manner that benefits 10 or fewer
- entities (as defined in paragraph (12)(B)).
- 19 (2) LIMITED TAX BENEFIT.—(A) The term
- "limited tax benefit" means any revenue-losing pro-
- vision that provides a Federal tax deduction, credit,
- 22 exclusion, or preference to ten or fewer beneficiaries
- 23 (determined with respect to either present law or
- any provision of which the provision is a part) under
- 25 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 in any year for
- 26 which the provision is in effect;

1.	(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A)—
2.	(i) all businesses and associations that
3	are members of the same controlled group
4	of corporations (as defined in section
5	1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
6	1986) shall be treated as a single bene-
7	ficiary;
8	(ii) all shareholders, partners, mem-
9	bers, or beneficiaries of a corporation,
10	partnership, association, or trust or estate,
11	respectively, shall be treated as a single
12	beneficiary;
13	(iii) all employees of an employer shall
14	be treated as a single beneficiary;
15	(iv) all qualified plans of an employer
16	shall be treated as a single beneficiary;
17	(v) all beneficiaries of a qualified plan
18	shall be treated as a single beneficiary;
19	(vi) all contributors to a charitable or-
20	ganization shall be treated as a single ben-
21	eficiary;
22	(vii) all holders of the same bond
23	issue shall be treated as a single bene-
24	ficiary: and

1	(viii) if a corporation, partnership, as-
2	sociation, trust or estate is the beneficiary
3	of a provision, the shareholders of the cor-
4	poration, the partners of the partnership,
5	the members of the association, or the
6	beneficiaries of the trust or estate shall not
7	also be treated as beneficiaries of such pro-
8	vision;
9	(C) For the purpose of this paragraph, the
0	term "revenue-losing provision" means any pro-
1	vision that is estimated to result in a reduction
12	in federal tax revenues (determined with respect
13	to either present law or any provision of which
14	the provision is a part) for any one of the two
15	following periods—
16	(i) the first fiscal year for which the
17	provision is effective; or
18	(ii) the period of the 5 fiscal years be-
19	ginning with the first fiscal year for which
20	the provision is effective;
21	(D) the term "limited tax benefit" does
22	not include any provision which applies uni-
23	formly to an entire industry; and
24	(E) the terms used in this paragraph shall
25	have the same meaning as those terms have

1	generally in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
2	unless otherwise expressly provided.
3	(c) Special Rule.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
4	vision of the Rules of the House, the definitions set forth
5	in this section shall apply for congressional earmarks, lim-
6	ited tariff benefits, and limited tax benefits.
7	TITLE VIII—PAY-AS-YOU-GO.
8	SEC. 801. PAY-AS-YOU-GO POINT OF ORDER.
9	(a) POINT OF ORDER.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in
11	the House or the Senate to consider any direct
12	spending legislation, excluding the impact of any
13	revenue provisions, that would increase the on-budg-
14	et deficit or cause an on-budget deficit for any 1 of
15	4 applicable time periods as measured in paragraphs
16	(5) and (6).
17	(2) APPLICABLE TIME PERIODS.—For purposes
18	of this subsection, the term "applicable time period"
19	means any 1 of the 4 following periods:
20	(A) The current fiscal year.
21	(B) The budget year.
22	(C) The period of the 5 fiscal years fol-
23	lowing the current fiscal year

1	(D) The period of the 5 fiscal years fol-
2	lowing the 5 fiscal years referred to in subpara-
3 :-	graph (C).
4	(3) DIRECT SPENDING LEGISLATION.—For pur-
5	poses of this subsection and except as provided in
6	paragraph (4), the term "direct spending legisla-
7	tion" means any bill, joint resolution, amendment,
8	motion, or conference report that affects direct
9	spending as that term is defined by, and interpreted
10	for purposes of, the Balanced Budget and Emer-
11 -	gency Deficit Control Act of 1985.
12	(4) BASELINE.—Estimates prepared pursuant
13	to this subsection shall—
14	(A) use the most recent baseline estimates
15	supplied by the Congressional Budget Office
16	consistent with section 257 of the Balanced
17	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of
18	1985 used in considering a concurrent resolu-
19	tion on the budget; or
20	(B) after the beginning of a new calendar
21	year and before consideration of a concurrent
22	resolution on the budget, the most recent base-
23	line estimates supplied by the Congressional
24	Budget Office consistent with section 257 of

the Balanced Budget and Emergency Dench
2 Control Act of 1985.
3 (5) Prior surplus.—If direct spending or rev
4 enue legislation increases the on-budget deficit or
5 causes an on-budget deficit when taken individually
6 it must also increase the on-budget deficit or cause
7 an on-budget deficit when taken together with all di-
8 rect spending and revenue legislation enacted since
9 the beginning of the calendar year not accounted for
in the baseline under paragraph (5)(A), except that
direct spending or revenue effects resulting in net
deficit reduction enacted in any bill pursuant to a
reconciliation instruction since the beginning of that
same calendar year shall never be made available or
the pay-as-you-go ledger and shall be dedicated only
for deficit reduction.
(b) DETERMINATION OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For
18 purposes of this section, the levels of new budget author-
19 ity, outlays, and revenues for a fiscal year shall be deter-
20 mined on the basis of estimates made by the Committees
21 on the Budget.
(c) Point of Order Protection in the House.—
23 In the House, it shall not be in order to consider a rule
24 or order that waives the application of subsection (a). As
25 disposition of a point of order under this paragraph, the

- 1 Chair shall put the question of consideration with respect
- 2 to the rule or order that waives the application of sub-
- 3 section (a). The question of consideration shall be debat-
- 4 able for 10 minutes by the Member initiating the point
- 5 of order and for 10 minutes by an opponent, but shall
- 6 otherwise be decided without intervening motion except
- 7 one that the House adjourn.

8 TITLE IX—DISCRETIONARY

9 SPENDING LIMITS.

- 10 SEC. 901. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS IN THE
- 11 HOUSE.
- 12 (a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in
- 13 the House to consider any bill or joint resolution, or
- 14 amendment thereto, that provides new budget authority
- 15 that would cause the discretionary spending limits to be
- 16 exceeded for any fiscal year.
- 17 (b) DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.—In the
- 18 House and as used in this section, the term "discretionary
- 19 spending limit" means—
- 20 (1) with respect to fiscal year 2008, for the dis-
- 21 cretionary category:
- 22 \$ 1,079,593,000,000 in new
- 23 budget authority and
- \$ 1, 127, 623,000,000 in outlays;

1	(2) with respect to fiscal year 2009, for the dis-
2	cretionary category:
3	\$ 1,004,865,000,000 in new
4	budget authority and
5	\$
6	(3) with respect to fiscal year 2010, for the dis-
7	cretionary category:
8	\$ 977, 058,000,000 in new
9	budget authority and
10	\$ 1, 050 , 106 ,000,000 in outlays;
11	as adjusted in conformance with subsection (c).
12	(c) ADJUSTMENTS.—
13	(1) In general.—
14	(A) CHAIRMAN.—After the reporting of a
15	bill or joint resolution, the offering of an
16	amendment thereto, or the submission of a con-
17	ference report thereon, the chairman of the
18	Committee on the Budget may make the ad-
19	justments set forth in subparagraph (B) for the
20	amount of new budget authority in that meas-
21	ure (if that measure meets the requirements set
22	forth in paragraph (2)) and the outlays flowing
23	from that budget authority. The chairman of
24	the Committee on the Budget may also make

1	appropriate adjustments for the reserve funds
2	set forth in this resolution.
3	(B) MATTERS TO BE ADJUSTED.—The ad-
4	justments referred to in subparagraph (A) are
5	to be made to—
6	(i) the discretionary spending limits, if
7	any, set forth in the appropriate concur-
8	rent resolution on the budget;
9	(ii) the allocations made pursuant to
10	the appropriate concurrent resolution on
11	the budget pursuant to section 302(a) of
12	the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and
13	(iii) the budgetary aggregates as set
14	forth in the appropriate concurrent resolu-
15	tion on the budget.
16	(2) Amounts of adjustments.—The adjust-
17	ment referred to in paragraph (1) shall be an
18	amount provided and designated as an emergency
19	requirement;
20	(3) APPLICATION OF ADJUSTMENTS.—The ad-
21	justments made for legislation pursuant to para-
22	graph (1) shall—
23	(A) apply while that legislation is under
24	consideration:

1	(B) take effect upon the enactment of that
2	legislation; and
3	(C) be published in the Congressional
4	Record as soon as practicable.
5	(4) APPLICATION OF THIS SECTION.—The pro-
6	visions of this section shall apply to legislation pro-
7	viding new budget authority for fiscal years 2008
8	through 2010.
9	(d) Enforcement in the House of Representa-
10	TIVES.—
11	(1) WAIVER PROTECTION.—It shall not be in
12	order in the House of Representatives to consider a
13	rule or order that waives the application of this sec-
14	tion.
15	(2) Consideration in the house.—
16	(A) This subsection shall apply only to the
17	House of Representatives.
18	(B) In order to be cognizable by the Chair,
19	a point of order under this section must specify
20	the precise language on which it is premised.
21	(C) As disposition of points of order under
22	this section, the Chair shall put the question of
23	consideration with respect to the proposition
24	that is the subject of the points of order.

$_{\odot}$ 1 -	(D) A question of consideration under this
2	section shall be debatable for 10 minutes by
:3	each Member initiating a point of order and for
4 ·	10 minutes by an opponent on each point of
5 :	order, but shall otherwise be decided without in-
6 ; ; -::::	tervening motion except one that the House ad-
7. 300 11.	journ or that the Committee of the Whole rise,
8	as the case may be.
9 :	(E) The disposition of the question of con-
10	sideration under this subsection with respect to
11	a bill or joint resolution shall be considered also
12	to determine the question of consideration
13	under this subsection with respect to an amend-
14	ment made in order as original text.
15	(3) EXTENSION OF SPENDING LIMITS.—It shall
16. 2. not	be in order in the House of Representatives to
17 cor	sider a concurrent resolution on the budget as
18 des	scribed in section 301 of the Congressional Budg-
19 et :	Act of 1974 unless such resolution incudes discre-
20 tion	nary spending limits that are in the same
21 am	ounts or less than those included in this section.

1 TITLE X—SENSES OF CONGRESS

2	SEC. 1001. SENSE OF THE HOUSE REGARDING THE IMPOR-
3	TANCE OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT.
4	It is the Sense of the House that additional legislative
5	action is needed to ensure that states have the necessary
6	resources to collect all child support that is owed to fami-
7	lies and to allow them to pass 100 percent of support on
8	to families without financial penalty. It is further the
9	Sense of the House that when 100 percent of child support
10	payments are passed on to the child, rather than adminis-
1.1	trative expenses, program integrity is improved and child
12	support participation increases.
13	SEC. 1002. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON STATE VETERANS
14	CEMETARIES.
15	It is the sense of the House that the Federal Govern-
16	ment should pay the plot allowance for the internment in
17	a State veterans cemetery of any spouse or eligible child
18	of a veteran, consistent with the pay-as-you-go principle.
19	SEC. 1003. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON HEALTH INSURANCE
20	REFORM.
21	It is the sense of the Congress that legislation should
22	be considered that does the following:
23	(1) Amends the Internal Revenue Code to allow
24	individual taxpayers a refundable tax credit for

l	health insurance costs paid for the benefit of the		
2	taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents.		
3	(2) Requires business taxpayers who receive		
4	payments for certain employee health insurance cov-		
5.	erage to file informational returns.		
6	(3) Directs the Secretary of the Treasury to		
7	make advance payments of health insurance tax		
8	credit amounts to health insurance providers.		
9	(4) Limits the tax exclusion for employer-pro-		
10	vided health care coverage.		
11	SEC. 1004. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON THE INTERNAL REV-		
12	ENUE CODE OF 1986.		
13	(a) Sense of Congress on the Termination of		
14	THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986.—No tax shall		
15	5 be imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986—		
16	(1) for any taxable year beginning after Decem-		
17	ber 31, 2010; and		
18	(2) in the case of any tax not imposed on the		
19	basis of a taxable year, on any taxable event or for		
20	any period after December 31, 2010.		
21	(b) EXCEPTION.—It is further the sense of the House		
22	of Representatives that legislation enacted pursuant to		
23	subsection (a) shall not apply to taxes imposed by—		
24	(1) chapter 2 of such Code (relating to tax on		
25	self-employment income);		

1	(2) chapter 21 of such Code (relating to Fed-
2	eral Insurance Contributions Act); and
3	(3) chapter 22 of such Code (relating to Rail-
4	road Retirement Tax Act).
5	(e) STRUCTURE OF A NEW FEDERAL TAX SYSTEM.—
6	Congress declares that any new Federal tax system should
7	be a simple and fair system that—
8	(1) applies a low rate to all Americans;
9	(2) provides tax relief for working Americans;
10	(3) protects the rights of taxpayers and reduces
11	tax collection abuses;
12	(4) eliminates the bias against savings and in-
13	vestment;
14	(5) promotes economic growth and job creation;
15	and
16	(6) does not penalize marriage or families.
17	(d) TIMING OF IMPLEMENTATION.—In order to en-
18.	sure an easy transition and effective implementation, the
19	Congress hereby declares that any new Federal tax system
20	should be approved by Congress in its final form no later
21	than July 4, 2010

110th Congress 1st Session

Η.	RES.	

Providing for consideration of the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 99) revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2007, establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2008, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 through 2012.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 27, 2007

Ms. Sutton, from the Committee on Rules, reported the following resolution which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

RESOLUTION

Providing for consideration of the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 99) revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2007, establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2008, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 through 2012.

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XVIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 99) revising the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2007, establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2008, and setting forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 through 2012. The first reading of the concurrent resolution shall be dispensed with. All points of order against consideration of the concurrent resolution are waived. General debate shall not exceed four hours, with three hours confined to the congressional budget equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget and one hour on the subject of economic goals and policies equally divided and controlled by Representative Maloney of New York and Representative Saxton of New Jersey or their designees. After general debate the concurrent resolution shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. The concurrent resolution shall be considered as read. No amendment shall be in order except those printed in the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution. Each amendment may be offered only in the order printed in the report, may be offered only by a Member designated in the report, shall be considered as read, shall be debatable for the time specified in the report, and shall not be subject to amendment. All points of order against the amendments printed in the report are waived except that the adoption of an amendment in the nature of a substitute shall constitute the conclusion of consideration of the concurrent resolution for amendment. After the conclusion of consideration of the concurrent resolution for amendment, the Committee shall rise and report the concurrent resolution to the House with such amendment as may have been adopted. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the concurrent resolution and amendments thereto to final adoption without

intervening motion except amendments offered by the chairman of the Committee on the Budget pursuant to section 305(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to achieve mathematical consistency. The concurrent resolution shall not be subject to a demand for division of the question of its adoption.

Sec. 2. During consideration in the House of House Concurrent Resolution 99 pursuant to this resolution, notwithstanding the operation of the previous question, the Chair may postpone further consideration of the concurrent resolution to such time as may be designated by the Speaker.

J